

BEGIN — APRIL 1, 1959

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(500) THIRD NIGHT LEAD FOREIGN MINISTERS
BY JOHN SCALI

WASHINGTON, APRIL 1 (AP)—THE WESTERN BIG FOUR COUNTRIES TODAY PROCLAIMED THEIR "SINCERE DESIRE TO NEGOTIATE CONSTRUCTIVELY" WITH RUSSIA ABOUT GERMANY. BUT THEY FAILED TO RESOLVE SOME KEY DIFFERENCES OVER THEIR APPROACH TO THE SOVIETS.

THIS WAS DISCLOSED TODAY AS FOREIGN POLICY CHIEFTAINS OF THE UNITED STATES, BRITAIN, FRANCE, AND WEST GERMANY ENDED A TWO-DAY CONFERENCE CALLED TO DISCUSS THE BERLIN-GERMANY PROBLEM.

A U.S. SPOKESMAN SAID THE FOUR WESTERN ALLIES RESOLVED SOME OF THEIR CONFLICTING VIEWS AND AGREED TO MEET AGAIN IN ^{Paris} LONDON APRIL 29 FOR A SECOND CONFERENCE. THIS SESSION WOULD BE 12 DAYS BEFORE THEY ARE DUE TO MEET THE SOVIETS AT A FOREIGN MINISTERS' CONFERENCE AT GENEVA, OPENING MAY 11.

DESPITE CONTINUING DIFFERENCES, THE ALLIED LEADERS AGREED THEIR EIGHT HOURS OF TALKS OVER THE PAST TWO DAYS HAD BEEN VALUABLE. THEY EXPRESSED CONFIDENCE A UNITED FRONT WOULD BE FORGED BEFORE TALKS BEGIN WITH RUSSIA ABOUT BERLIN AND GERMANY.

PAUL-HENRI SPAAK, SECRETARY GENERAL OF THE NORTH ATLANTIC TREATY ORGANIZATION (CAPS NATO) WHICH WILL OBSERVE ITS 10TH BIRTHDAY HERE TOMORROW, MEANWHILE URGED A FIRM STAND ON BERLIN. HE SAID A DIPLOMATIC DEFEAT THERE COULD PAVE THE WAY FOR A FALLING PART OF THE NATO ALLIANCE AND OF THE WEST.

SPAAK, A FORMER PREMIER OF BELGIUM WHO NOW HOLDS THE TOP NATO STAFF JOB, TOLD A NEWS CONFERENCE NATO'S WORK TODAY IS UNDENIABLY DOMINATED BY GERMANY AND THE BERLIN QUESTION.

HE SAID DIFFERENCES AMONG THE 15 ATLANTIC PACT COUNTRIES TO THE RUSSIAN THREAT ON GERMANY ARE TO BE EXPECTED. BUT HE EXPRESSED CONFIDENCE THAT AFTER DISCUSSION THEY WOULD AGREE ON A UNITED COURSE.

"I DON'T BELIEVE WE'LL HAVE A WAR," SPAAK SAID, "BUT IF WE DON'T HAVE WAR WE CANNOT SUFFER A DIPLOMATIC DEFEAT IN BERLIN. IT MIGHT BE THE FIRST SIGN OF A DISINTEGRATION OF THE ALLIANCE AND OF THE WEST."

ANDREW H. BERDING, ASSISTANT SECRETARY OF STATE, SUMMED UP RESULTS OF THE FOREIGN MINISTERS TALKS FOR QUESTIONING, HE MENTIONED THESE UNRESOLVED DIFFERENCES:

1. NO DECISION HAS YET BEEN REACHED ON WHETHER TO PROPOSE A DETAILED PEACE TREATY FOR A UNITED GERMANY OR WHETHER TO WITHHOLD SUCH ACTION UNTIL THE ALLIES FIRST PUT FORTH A SET OF PRINCIPLES WHICH WOULD GUIDE SUCH A PACT.

2. A DECISION WAS DELAYED UNTIL LATER ABOUT WHETHER TO LUMP ALL ALLIED PROPOSALS INTO A SINGLE MASTER PLAN WHICH WOULD BE PROPOSED TO THE SOVIETS.

3. THE UNITED STATES IS CONSIDERING A NOTE TO RUSSIA RE-EMPHASIZING THAT WHETHER THERE IS A SUMMIT CONFERENCE DEPENDS ON PRIOR PROGRESS IN EASING DISPUTES AT THE FOREIGN MINISTERS' LEVEL. FRENCH AND BRITISH AUTHORITIES REPORTED THEIR GOVERNMENTS HAVE DECIDED THAT NO NEW NOTES ARE NECESSARY EVEN THOUGH THEY SHARE THE U.S. VIEW ABOUT THE LINK BETWEEN THE TWO MEETINGS.

"THE MEETINGS DURING THE LAST TWO DAYS HAVE RESOLVED SOME POINTS," BERDING SAID. "OTHER POINTS STILL HAVE TO BE RESOLVED." HE SAID THE FOUR FOREIGN MINISTERS HAD DRAFTED SHORT AND RATHER GENERALIZED INSTRUCTIONS TO GUIDE TEAMS OF LOWER RANKING OFFICIALS WHO WILL MEET IN LONDON APRIL 13. THESE EXPERTS WILL SEEK TO OVERCOME ALL DIFFERENCES AND RECOMMEND COMBINED ALLIED NEGOTIATING POSITIONS TO THEIR CHIEFS.

DIPLOMATIC OFFICIALS ALSO REPORTED THE UNITED STATES UNDOUBTEDLY WOULD INSIST ITALY AND ANOTHER WESTERN COUNTRY BE ALLOWED TO JOIN THE FOREIGN MINISTERS CONFERENCE IN GENEVA IF THE SOVIETS INSIST THAT CZECHOSLOVAKIA AND POLAND BE GIVEN SEATS AT THE CONFERENCE TABLE.

ACTING SECRETARY OF STATE CHRISTIAN HERTER SUBSTITUTED FOR THE AILING SECRETARY OF STATE JOHN FOSTER DULLES IN THE VARIOUS ROUNDS OF TALKS. HE MET WITH BRITISH FOREIGN SECRETARY SELWYN LLOYD, FRENCH FOREIGN MINISTER MAURICE COUVE DE MURVILLE AND WEST GERMAN FOREIGN MINISTER HEINRICH VON BRENTANO.

THEY WERE REPORTED TO HAVE AGREED ON A CAUTIOUS NEGOTIATING POLICY WHICH CALLS ON RUSSIA TO MAKE THE FIRST CONCESSIONS BEFORE THEY REVEAL WHAT ADJUSTMENTS THEY ARE READY TO MAKE.

SOME DIFFERENCES WERE REPORTED TO REMAIN AMONG THE FOREIGN MINISTERS AS THE MEETINGS ENDED, PARTICULARLY OVER HOW TO HANDLE THE BERLIN CRISIS.

A BRIEF ANNOUNCEMENT SAID, HOWEVER, THEY HAD AGREED ON INSTRUCTIONS WHICH WOULD GUIDE LOWER-LEVEL WORKING EXPERTS IN DRAFTING FINAL COMBINED PROPOSALS. THE EXPERTS ARE TO MEET IN LONDON APRIL 13 WITH THE FOREIGN MINISTERS GETTING TOGETHER IN PARIS APRIL 29 TO CONSIDER THEIR RECOMMENDATIONS.

"ALL THESE PREPARATIONS ARE BASED ON A SINCERE DESIRE TO NEGOTIATE CONSTRUCTIVELY WITH THE SOVIET UNION IN THE INTERESTS OF WORLD PEACE," THE COMMUNIQUE SAID.

FOREIGN AND DEFENSE MINISTERS REPRESENTING THE FULL 15-NATION ATLANTIC PACT ALLIANCE ARRIVED IN THE CAPITAL AS THE FOREIGN MINISTERS WOUND UP THEIR TALKS.

A FORMAL REPORT, SUMMING UP THE RESULTS OF THE DIPLOMATIC TALKS, IS TO BE THE HIGHLIGHT OF THE OPENING SESSION TOMORROW OF A THREE-DAY ATLANTIC PACT COUNCIL MEETING.

THE UNITED STATES, BRITAIN AND FRANCE--IN OPPOSING RUSSIA'S PLAN TO MAKE BERLIN WHAT MOSCOW CALLS A DEMILITARIZED "FREE CITY"--HAVE CONTENTED THIS IS UNACCEPTABLE BECAUSE WESTERN TROOPS ARE THERE IN KEEPING WITH THEIR RIGHTS AS WAR-TIME CONQUERORS OF NAZI GERMANY.

IN PRELIMINARY TALKS, THE BRITISH HAVE SUGGESTED A NEW INTERNATIONAL STATUS FOR WEST BERLIN AS A MEANS OF REINFORCING THE RIGHT TO KEEP TROOPS IN THE CITY AND PROTECT THE 2 1/4 MILLION WEST BERLINERS.

THE CAUTIOUS NEGOTIATING POLICY AGREED TO BY THE WESTERN FOREIGN POLICY CHIEFS REFLECTED WEST GERMAN FOREIGN MINISTER HEINRICH VON BRENTANO'S ADVICE AGAINST MOVING TOO FAST IN TALKS WITH THE SOVIETS.

ACTING U. S. SECRETARY OF STATE CHRISTIAN HERTER AND FRENCH FOREIGN MINISTER MAURICE COUVE DE MURVILLE AGREED WITH THIS, OFFICIALS SAID, ON THE GROUND THAT RUSSIA CREATED THE BERLIN CRISIS AND SHOULD BE THE ONE TO MODIFY ITS DEMANDS.

VON BRENTANO ALSO CAUTIONED AGAINST ANY HASTY ALLIED PROPOSAL ACCEPTING RUSSIA'S IDEA OF A CONFEDERATION AS A STARTING POINT FOR GERMAN UNITY.

A STEP BY STEP WESTERN PLAN BASED ON THIS SOVIET IDEA HAS BEEN DRAFTED BY LOWER RANKING ALLIED DIPLOMATIC EXPERTS. OFFICIALS SAID VON BRENTANO STRESSED THAT THE ALLIES MUST MOVE EXCEEDINGLY CAREFUL ON THIS.

VON BRENTANO ADVOCATED WHAT ONE DIPLOMAT DESCRIBED AS "A VERY CAUTIOUS POKER GAME" IN NEGOTIATING WITH THE SOVIETS. HE WAS SAID TO HAVE ARGUED THE WESTERN POWERS SHOULD WITHHOLD ANY CONCESSIONS UNTIL THE SOVIETS FIRST LAY ON THE TRABLE SCALED DOWN DEMANDS.

AS PART OF THIS POLICY, VON BRENTANO REPORTEDLY PROPOSED THE ALLIES AVOID PUTTING FORTH THEIR PROPOSED ALL-GERMAN PEACE TREATY UNTIL LATE IN THE TALKS. INITIAL ALLIED VIEWS ON THIS POINT, HE REPORTEDLY SAID, SHOULD BE LIMITED TO A SET OF PRINCIPLES.

AUTHORITATIVE BRITISH OFFICIALS MEANWHILE REPORTED LLOYD CONTINUES TO BELIEVE BRITAIN'S PLAN FOR A CEILING ON EAST-WEST TROOPS IN CENTRAL EUROPE MIGHT BE NEGOTIATED SUCCESSFULLY WITH THE SOVIETS.

LLOYD'S VIEW IS THAT THE SOVIETS DELIBERATELY CREATED THE BERLIN

CRISIS, BELIEVING THIS WAS A "PRESSURE POINT" TO FORCE THE WEST TO AGREE TO AN EAST-WEST ARMS CONTROL SCHEME, THEY SAID.

THE BRITISH PLAN WOULD PROPOSE FREEZING THE NUMBER OF TROOPS AND WEAPONS IN A ZONE TO BE AGREED UPON, PERHAPS THINNING OUT THE NUMBERS IN LATER STAGES. BUT IT WOULD NOT BE A "DISENGAGEMENT" OF THE KIND THE WEST GERMANS AND FRENCH BITTERLY OPPOSE. THIS LATTER PLAN WOULD CALL FOR COMMUNIST AND WESTERN TROOPS TO PULL BACK TO AGREED UPON LINES, LEAVING A DEMILITARIZED NO-MAN'S-LAND BETWEEN THEM.

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NIGHT LEAD TRAVEL BAN

BY FRED S. HOFFMAN

WASHINGTON, APRIL 1 (AP)—WITHOUT WARNING, RUSSIA TODAY SEALED OFF VIRTUALLY THE ENTIRE SOVIET UNION FROM WESTERN DIPLOMATS. IN RETALIATION, THE UNITED STATES POSTED A SIMILAR TEMPORARY TRAVEL BAN ON RUSSIAN DIPLOMATS IN THIS COUNTRY.

BOTH BANS WENT INTO EFFECT IMMEDIATELY, WITH NO INDICATION HOW LONG THEY WOULD LAST.

NO REASON WAS GIVEN FOR THE SOVIET ACTION, ALTHOUGH THERE WAS SPECULATION THE RUSSIANS MIGHT BE HOLDING MILITARY MANEUVERS AS THEY SOMETIMES DO IN THE SPRING.

WHATEVER THE REASON, THE RUSSIAN TRAVEL CLAMPDOWN ADDED TO EAST-WEST TENSION OVER BERLIN.

THE RUSSIAN BAN HAS ONE EXCEPTION--IT ALLOWS WESTERN DIPLOMATS TO TRAVEL TO LENINGRAD, ON THE GULF OF FINLAND ABOUT 400 MILES FROM MOSCOW.

SIMILARLY, THE NEW AMERICAN ORDER PERMITS RUSSIAN DIPLOMATS TO GO TO NEW YORK.

FIRST PUBLIC WORD OF THE RUSSIAN MOVE CAME FROM THE BRITISH FOREIGN OFFICE IN LONDON. A BRITISH SPOKESMAN SAID HIS COUNTRY HAS NO INTENTION NOW OF CLAMPING DOWN A RETALIATORY BAN.

LESS THAN TWO HOURS LATER, STATE DEPARTMENT PRESS OFFICER LINCOLN WHITE ANNOUNCED THE U. S. TRAVEL RESTRICTION ORDER AIMED AT SOVIET DIPLOMATS. HE SAID THE U. S. BAN WILL BE LIFTED WHEN THE RUSSIANS LIFT THEIRS.

DIPLOMATS REPRESENTING OTHER EUROPEAN COMMUNIST NATIONS ARE NOT AFFECTED. AND WHITE SAID THE UNITED STATES WILL "CONTINUE TO PERMIT THE TRAVEL OF EXCHANGES AND TOURISTS IN THE UNITED STATES."

IN MAKING HIS ANNOUNCEMENT, WHITE TOLD NEWSMEN:

"OUR EMBASSY IN MOSCOW HAS REPORTED THAT THE SOVIET UNION FOR 'TEMPORARY REASONS' HAS APPARENTLY CLOSED DOWN ALL TRAVEL OF FOREIGN MISSION PERSONNEL, BOTH CIVILIAN AND MILITARY, TO ANY AREA IN THE SOVIET UNION WITH THE EXCEPTION OF LENINGRAD."

"SOVIET AUTHORITIES HAVE REFUSED TO STATE HOW LONG THIS TEMPORARY BAN WILL LAST."

EVEN BEFORE THE LATEST SOVIET ACTION, RUSSIA HAD FETTERED TRAVEL BY FOREIGN DIPLOMATS STATIONED WITHIN ITS BORDERS.

ABOUT ONE-THIRD OF RUSSIA'S TERRITORY IS PERMANENTLY OFF-LIMITS TO WESTERN REPRESENTATIVES. AND THESE DIPLOMATS HAVE HAD TO FILE NOTICE OF TRAVEL INTENTIONS WHEN THEY WANTED TO VISIT POINTS IN THE REMAINING TWO-THIRDS OF THE COUNTRY.

SOVIET DIPLOMATS HAVE HAD TO ABIDE BY SIMILAR RESTRICTION IN THE UNITED STATES.

THIS IS NOT THE FIRST TIME RUSSIA HAS CLAMPED ON TEMPORARY TIGHT RESTRICTIONS LIKE THOSE IMPOSED TODAY. BUT UNTIL NOW THE UNITED STATES HAS NOT DONE SO.

HOWEVER, WHITE SAID THE U. S. GOVERNMENT DECIDED TO STRIKE BACK THIS YEAR BECAUSE RUSSIA HAS IGNORED REPEATED AMERICAN PROPOSALS FOR REMOVING ALL TRAVEL CURBS, EXCEPT THOSE THAT NORMALLY WOULD KEEP LOCAL CITIZENS OUT OF MILITARY AREAS.

THE NEW U. S. BAN WAS EXERCISED PROMPTLY. WHITE SAID TRAVEL

APPLICATIONS BY TWO SOVIET OFFICIALS HAD BEEN REJECTED AS OF TODAY. HE DID NOT NAME THEM.

RUSSIA PREVIOUSLY HAD TURNED DOWN TRAVEL APPLICATIONS BY AMERICAN DIPLOMATS, WHITE SAID, DECLINING TO SAY HOW MANY WERE INVOLVED.

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BULLETIN *by John M. Hightower*

SECOND LEAD FOREIGN MINISTERS

WASHINGTON, APRIL 1 (AP)—FOREIGN MINISTERS OF THE WESTERN BIG FOUR POWERS DECLARED TODAY "A SINCERE DESIRE TO NEGOTIATE CONSTRUCTIVELY WITH THE SOVIET UNION" ON THE BERLIN CRISIS AND OTHER GERMAN PROBLEMS.

THE STATEMENT WAS IN A COMMUNIQUE WINDING UP THEIR TALKS HERE PRELIMINARY TO THE FORTHCOMING MEETING WITH SOVIET REPRESENTATIVES IN GENEVA.

AT THE SAME TIME, THE FOUR REAFFIRMED WESTERN DETERMINATION TO STAY IN BERLIN AND MAINTAIN RIGHTS OF FREE ACCESS TO THAT CITY.

THE COMMUNIQUE ALSO ANNOUNCED THAT THE FOUR FOREIGN POLICY MAKERS-- REPRESENTING THE UNITED STATES, BRITAIN, FRANCE AND WEST GERMANY-- WILL MEET AGAIN IN PARIS BEGINNING APRIL 29 TO MAKE FURTHER PREPARATION FOR THE MAY 11 GENEVA CONFERENCE.

MEANWHILE THEY AGREED ON "THE FORM OF A REPORT" WHICH THEY WILL MAKE TO THE 15-NATION NORTH ATLANTIC TREATY COUNCIL WHICH OPENS A THREE-DAY SESSION HERE TOMORROW.

PRESIDENT EISENHOWER WILL ADDRESS THE OPENING SESSION OF THE NATO GROUP TOMORROW MORNING. THE REPORT OF THE FOREIGN MINISTERS ON THEIR APPROACH TO GERMAN NEGOTIATIONS WITH RUSSIA WILL BE MADE AT THE AFTERNOON MEETING.

"THE MINISTERS," THE COMMUNIQUE SAID, "CONDUCTED THEIR DISCUSSIONS CONCERNING BERLIN ON THE BASIS OF THEIR DECLARATION CONTAINED IN THE FOUR-POWER COMMUNIQUE ON BERLIN ISSUED IN PARIS DEC. 14, 1958-- WITH WHICH THE NORTH ATLANTIC COUNCIL ASSOCIATED ITSELF."

THIS CONSTITUTED A REAFFIRMATION OF THEIR BASIC POSITION ON WEST BERLIN SINCE THE EARLIER PARIS COMMUNIQUE SPECIFICALLY STATED "THE DETERMINATION OF (THE WESTERN) GOVERNMENTS TO MAINTAIN THEIR POSITION AND THEIR RIGHTS WITH RESPECT TO BERLIN INCLUDING THE RIGHT OF FREE ACCESS."

ACTING SECRETARY OF STATE CHRISTIAN HERTER, BRITISH FOREIGN SECRETARY SELWYN LLOYD AND FRENCH FOREIGN MINISTER COUVE DE MURVILLE BEGAN THE CURRENT SERIES OF GERMAN DISCUSSIONS HERE YESTERDAY. ~~THE~~ THREE WERE THEN JOINED LATE YESTERDAY BY WEST GERMAN FOREIGN MINISTER HEINRICH VON BRENTANO AND HE PARTICIPATED IN ALL DISCUSSIONS

THE TALKS, BEGUN YESTERDAY, WERE RESUMED AGAINST A BACKGROUND OF INCREASING TENSIONS BETWEEN RUSSIA AND THE UNITED STATES OVER SOVIET CONTROL OF TRAFFIC IN ALLIED AIR CORRIDORS BETWEEN WEST GERMANY AND WEST BERLIN.

THE SOVIET EMBASSY IN EAST BERLIN DECLARED "COMPLICATIONS" WOULD RESULT IF THE UNITED STATES PERSISTED IN FLYING TRANSPORT AIRCRAFT INTO BERLIN AT ALTITUDES ABOVE 10,000 FEET.

THE U. S. AIR FORCE IN GERMANY SAID C130 TRANSPORTS, WHICH OPERATE MOST EFFICIENTLY BETWEEN 20,000 AND 30,000 FEET, WILL BE USED ON THE BERLIN FLIGHTS AS NECESSARY IN SPITE OF SOVIET WARNINGS.

THREE RUSSIAN JET FIGHTERS BUZZED THE C130 WHICH FIRST WENT TO BERLIN LAST WEEK AT 25,000 FEET. THE SOVIETS FOLLOWED THAT INCIDENT WITH THEIR DEMAND FOR U. S. ACCEPTANCE OF THE 10,000-FOOT CEILING. THE STATE DEPARTMENT REJECTED THIS DEMAND YESTERDAY.

U. S. OFFICIALS SAID THAT THE PRINCIPLE INVOLVED WAS UNHINDERED WESTERN USE OF AIR, SEA AND LAND ROUTES INTO BERLIN. THE SOVIETS HAVE CHALLENGED THE RIGHT OF THE WESTERN POWERS EVEN TO CONTINUE THEIR BERLIN OCCUPATION ROLES AND HAVE THREATENED TO TURN OVER CONTROL OF THE ACCESS ROUTES ACROSS EAST GERMAN TERRITORY TO THE GERMAN COMMUNIST REGIME.

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IT WAS THIS THREAT, RAISING THE SPECTER OF A RED BLOCKADE OF WEST BERLIN, WHICH TRIGGERED THE BERLIN CRISIS LAST WINTER AND IMPELLED THE UNITED STATES, BRITAIN, FRANCE AND WEST GERMANY TO BEGIN REVIEWING THEIR OVER-ALL GERMAN POLICIES IN PREPARATION FOR NEGOTIATION WITH THE SOVIET UNION.

THE WESTERN FOREIGN MINISTERS INTEND TO PROBE RUSSIA'S WILLINGNESS, IF ANY, TO NEGOTIATE AT GENEVA NEXT MONTH ON GERMAN UNIFICATION AND EUROPEAN ARMS CONTROL MEASURES.

THEY WERE REPORTED TO BE PESSIMISTIC ABOUT THE POSSIBILITY OF A FAVORABLE SOVIET RESPONSE BUT WERE DESCRIBED AS AGREEING THAT THE EFFORT MUST BE MADE.

WEST GERMAN FOREIGN MINISTER HEINRICH VON BRENTANO WAS REPORTED TO HAVE CAUTIONED THE WESTERN BIG THREE COUNTRIES AGAINST MOVING TOO FAST TO OFFER CONCESSIONS TO RUSSIA AIMED AT SOLVING THE BERLIN AND GERMAN PROBLEMS.

ONE INFORMANT SAID VON BRENTANO FAVORS "A VERY CAUTIOUS POKER GAME" WITH THE WEST WITHHOLDING ANY CONCESSIONS UNTIL THE SOVIETS PUT ON THE TABLE SOME REASONABLE CONCESSIONS OF THEIR OWN.

HIS MAIN VIEW, THEY SAID, IS THAT THE PROPOSED SOVIET SEPARATE PEACE TREATIES FOR EASTERN AND WESTERN GERMANY ARE SO UNREALISTIC THAT THE WESTERN POWERS SHOULD NOT SEEK TO COUNTER WITH A REASONABLE PROPOSAL OF THEIR OWN TOO QUICKLY.

VON BRENTANO ALSO IS UNDERSTOOD TO HAVE STRESSED THE DANGERS OF MOVING TOO QUICKLY TOWARD ANY FEDERATION SCHEME WHICH JEOPARDIZED THE GOAL OF REUNIFYING GERMANY IN FREEDOM.

VON BRENTANO REPORTEDLY EXPRESSED LITTLE OPPOSITION TO THE AMERICAN-BRITISH SUGGESTION THAT ADDITIONAL NON-GOVERNMENTAL CONTACTS BE ALLOWED BETWEEN EAST AND WEST GERMANS, ESPECIALLY IN THE FIELDS OF TRANSPORTATION, COMMUNICATIONS AND COMMERCE.

THIS WOULD BE DONE AS A CAUTIOUS STEP TOWARD REUNIFICATION, BUT ONLY WITH ALLIED UNDERSTANDING THAT IT DID NOT REPRESENT A MOVE TOWARD FORMAL DIPLOMATIC RECOGNITION OF THE EAST GERMAN REGIME.

THE INITIAL SESSION YESTERDAY, HELD BY HERTER WITH FOREIGN SECRETARY SELWYN LLOYD OF BRITAIN AND FRENCH FOREIGN MINISTER MAURICE COUVE DE MURVILLE PRODUCED A NEW WARNING TO RUSSIA AGAINST TAKING A SUMMIT CONFERENCE THIS SUMMER FOR GRANTED.

IN A PUBLIC STATEMENT, THE WESTERN BIG THREE RE-ASSERTED THE STAND TAKEN IN NOTES TO THE SOVIET GOVERNMENT LAST WEEK THAT THE MAY MEETING OF FOREIGN MINISTERS MUST MAKE SOME PROGRESS TOWARD SOLVING THE BERLIN AND GERMAN PROBLEM IN ORDER TO JUSTIFY A MEETING AT THE SUMMIT.

THEY WELCOMED MONDAY'S NOTE FROM RUSSIA AGREEING TO THE MAY 11 BIG FOUR CONFERENCE AT GENEVA. BUT THE WESTERN STATEMENT LAST NIGHT SPECIFIED ONCE MORE THAT THE GERMANS SHOULD BE INCLUDED IN THE FOREIGN MINISTERS MEETING AS "ADVISERS" BECAUSE THE SOVIET NOTE HAD REFERRED MERELY TO REPRESENTATION FROM EAST AND WEST GERMANY.

THE WESTERN BIG THREE MET TOGETHER FOR TWO HOURS BEFORE BEING JOINED BY WEST GERMAN FOREIGN MINISTER HEINRICH VON BRENTANO. WHEN THEY FINALLY BROKE UP IN THE EARLY EVENING, COUVE DE MURVILLE SAID "OF COURSE" THEY HAD REGISTERED PROGRESS TOWARD AGREEMENT ON PLANS FOR NEGOTIATIONS WITH RUSSIA. LLOYD TOLD REPORTERS "WE HAD A GOOD MEETING"

A STATE DEPARTMENT SPOKESMAN SAID THAT DIFFERENCES AMONG THE WESTERN ALLIES WERE DISCUSSED, SOME WERE RESOLVED AND SOME WILL "REQUIRE MORE DISCUSSION." BUT HE DECLINED TO SPECIFY WHAT DIFFERENCES HE WAS TALKING ABOUT.

HOWEVER, IT IS KNOWN, FOR EXAMPLE, THAT THE UNITED STATES, FRANCE AND WEST GERMANY BELIEVE ANY DEAL WITH RUSSIA FOR LIMITING MILITARY FORCES OF THE WESTERN POWERS IN THE SOVIET BLOC IN CENTRAL EUROPE MUST BE TIED IN TO AN AGREEMENT FOR STEPS TOWARD GERMAN UNIFICATION. THE BRITISH GOVERNMENT HAS BEEN INTERESTED IN THE POSSIBILITY OF MEASURES LOOKING TOWARD ARMED FORCES LIMITATION EVEN IF THE BID FOR UNIFICATION IS REJECTED BY RUSSIA.

VON BRENTANO, HERTER, COUVE DE MURVILLE AND LLOYD HOPE TO COMPLETE THEIR WORK FOR THE TIME BEING IN TODAY'S SESSIONS. THEY PLAN TO REPORT THEIR PROGRESS TOMORROW AT A MEETING OF THE 15-NATION NORTH ATLANTIC TREATY ORGANIZATION COUNCIL.

THE COUNCIL WILL OPEN A THREE-DAY SESSION HERE TOMORROW MORNING WITH A PUBLIC CEREMONY COMMEMORATING THE 10TH ANNIVERSARY OF NATO, THE BASIC TREATY OF WHICH WAS SIGNED IN WASHINGTON APRIL 4, 1949. PRESIDENT EISENHOWER WILL ADDRESS THE OPENING SESSION.

THE STATEMENT AGREED UPON BY THE BIG THREE FOREIGN MINISTERS WAS ISSUED LAST NIGHT BY ASSISTANT SECRETARY OF STATE ANDREW H. BERDING AND BRITISH PRESS OFFICER PETER HOPE.

THE STATEMENT DECLARED EMPHATICALLY THAT THE WESTERN POWERS IN THEIR NOTES TO MOSCOW LAST WEEK "MADE CLEAR THEIR POSITION WITH RESPECT TO THE RELATIONSHIP OF A FOREIGN MINISTERS CONFERENCE TO A SUMMIT CONFERENCE AND ALSO REGARDING THE QUESTION OF GERMAN ADVISERS."

BERDING EXPLAINED THAT THE RUSSIAN NOTE HAD SIMPLY REFERRED TO THE PROSPECTIVE SETTLEMENT OF "URGENT INTERNATIONAL QUESTIONS AT A FOREIGN MINISTERS CONFERENCE AND A SUMMIT MEETING." THIS SEEMED TO IMPLY THAT THE VIEW OF THE FOREIGN MINISTERS HERE IS THAT THE SOVIET GOVERNMENT THINKS A SUMMIT CONFERENCE WILL AUTOMATICALLY FOLLOW THE TALKS OF THE FOREIGN MINISTERS.

BUT BERDING SAID LLOYD, COUVE DE MURVILLE AND HERTER WERE IN AGREEMENT THAT SOME PROGRESS MUST BE MADE BY THE FOREIGN MINISTERS IN ORDER TO JUSTIFY A MEETING OF HEADS OF GOVERNMENTS.

INSOFAR AS LLOYD IS CONCERNED, AT LEAST, THIS MAY BE CHIEFLY A BARGAINING POSITION TO TRY TO ASSURE CONSTRUCTIVE WORK BY THE FOREIGN MINISTERS AND TO DISCOURAGE THE SOVIET GOVERNMENT FROM HOLDING BACK ITS OWN POSSIBLE CONCESSIONS UNTIL A SUMMIT MEETING.

LLOYD'S CHIEF, PRIME MINISTER HAROLD MACMILLAN, HAS BEEN WIDELY REPORTED IN RECENT WEEKS AS CONVINCED THAT A SUMMIT MEETING MUST BE HELD EVEN IF THE FOREIGN MINISTERS' SESSION IS A COMPLETE FAILURE.

THE IMMEDIATE TASK OF THE FOUR FOREIGN MINISTERS IS TO ESTABLISH A BROAD OUTLINE OF THE STRATEGY THEY WILL FOLLOW AND THE PROPOSALS THEY WILL MAKE IN THE CONFERENCE WITH SOVIET FOREIGN MINISTER ANDRE GROMYKO. THE BASIS OF THEIR WORK IS A THICK STACK OF DOZENS OF POSSIBLE PROPOSALS COVERING THE WHOLE FIELD OF GERMAN UNIFICATION AND EUROPEAN SECURITY MEASURES.

THEY ARE EXPECTED TO ELIMINATE MANY OF THESE IDEAS WHICH WERE DEVELOPED BY DIPLOMATS OF THE FOUR COUNTRIES WHO MET IN PARIS IN MARCH. WITH THE GUIDE LINES LAID DOWN BY THE MINISTERS HERE THE PROBLEM OF WORKING OUT MORE PRECISE DETAILS WILL BE REFERRED ONCE MORE TO A DIPLOMATIC GROUP IN PARIS. THE WESTERN FOREIGN MINISTERS THEMSELVES EXPECT TO MEET THERE LATE THIS MONTH TO PUT THE FINISHING TOUCHES ON THEIR PACKAGE PLAN.

THE PLAN AS IT IS NOW SHAPING UP WOULD CALL ON THE SOVIET GOVERNMENT TO AGREE THAT ALL GERMAN ISSUES SHOULD BE RESOLVED WITHOUT THE USE OF FORCE AND TO AGREE ALSO THAT A START SHOULD BE MADE TOWARD MERGING EAST AND WEST GERMANY INTO A SINGLE NATION.

UNDER THE STEP-BY-STEP PROGRAM BEING DEVELOPED, THE TWO GERMAN STATES WOULD BE PULLED TOGETHER FIRST THROUGH GREATER COOPERATION IN SUCH ACTIVITIES AS TRADE. A COUNCIL OR COMMISSION WOULD BE CREATED TO SUPERVISE AND ENCOURAGE THE MERGER PROCESS.

AS THE PROGRAM MOVES ALONG TOWARD ITS FINAL STAGES--THE LAST BEING REUNIFICATION THROUGH FREE ELECTION SEVERAL YEARS HENCE--STEPS WOULD ALSO BE TAKEN TO LIMIT AND EVENTUALLY WITHDRAW FOREIGN FORCES FROM GERMANY AND FROM POLAND AND CZECHOSLOVAKIA. MEASURES ALSO WOULD BE DEVELOPED FOR DISARMAMENT INSPECTION PROCEDURES IN CENTRAL EUROPE.

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BY JAMES D. WHITE

SAN FRANCISCO, APRIL 1 (AP)-THIS CITY BY THE GOLDEN GATE PLUGGED ITSELF ENERGETICALLY TODAY AS THE SITE FOR A SUMMIT CONFERENCE WHICH WOULD BRING SOVIET PREMIER NIKITA KHRUSHCHEV ON HIS FIRST VISIT TO THE UNITED STATES.

DESPITE DISCOURAGING REPORTS FROM WASHINGTON AND LONDON THAT SAN FRANCISCO HADN'T BEEN PROPOSED OFFICIALLY, A SENATOR, THE GOVERNOR AND THE MAYOR ISSUED BIDS.

MAYOR GEORGE CHRISTOPHER, A REPUBLICAN, TELEGRAPHED INVITATIONS TO PRESIDENT EISENHOWER, SECRETARY OF STATE JOHN FOSTER DULLES, BRITISH PRIME MINISTER HAROLD MACMILLAN AND KHRUSHCHEV.

FROM SACRAMENTO DEMOCRATIC GOV. EDMUND G. BROWN, A NATIVE SAN FRANCISCAN, SENT A FORMAL INVITATION TO PRESIDENT EISENHOWER.

AND IN WASHINGTON, SEN. CLAIR ENGLE (D-CALIF) ISSUED A STATEMENT SUGGESTING THE CONFERENCE BE HELD HERE.

A SAN FRANCISCO DAILY NEWSPAPER, THE CALL-BULLETIN, TELEPHONED BOTH THE SOVIET TASS NEWS AGENCY IN WASHINGTON AND THE KREMLIN. AT TASS, BUREAU CHIEF VLADIMIR PARAMANOV SAID "IF THERE IS AN OFFICIAL PROPOSAL...I AM SURE HE (KHRUSHCHEV) WOULDN'T REJECT IT."

AT THE KREMLIN A MAN WHO IDENTIFIED HIMSELF ONLY AS ZOTOV SAID HE "WILL SUBMIT THE QUESTION TO PREMIER KHRUSHCHEV AND CONVEY TO YOU HIS REPLY---IF THERE IS ANY REPLY."

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AP FOREIGN SERVICE ADVANCE FOR WEDNESDAY PMS
BY MAX HARRELSON

(ADVANCE) UNITED NATIONS, N.Y., APRIL 1 (AP)-THE PROBLEMS HAVEN'T CHANGED MUCH SINCE THE 1955 SUMMIT CONFERENCE, BUT THERE WILL BE NEW FACES AROUND THE TABLE IF THE BIG FOUR MEET THIS SUMMER.

PRESIDENT EISENHOWER IS THE ONLY 1955 GOVERNMENT HEAD STILL IN OFFICE. BRITAIN'S SIR ANTHONY EDEN HAS RETIRED. EDGAR FAURE HAS BEEN PUSHED INTO THE BACKGROUND BY FRANCE'S POLITICAL UPHEAVAL. MARSHAL NIKOLAI BULGANIN HAS BEEN REPLACED AS SOVIET PRIME MINISTER BY THE MAN WHO WAS THE REAL SOVIET BOSS IN GENEVA FOUR YEARS AGO.

THERE HAVE BEEN CHANGES, TOO, IN THE RANKS OF THE FOREIGN MINISTERS. RUSSIA'S VETERAN BOLSHEVIK LEADER, V.M. MOLOTOV, IS SWEATING OUT AN EXILE AS AMBASSADOR TO OUTER MONGOLIA. HE HAS BEEN SUCCEEDED BY DOUR ANDREI GROMYKO.

ANTOINE PINAY OF FRANCE IS OUT. FRANCE'S CURRENT FOREIGN MINISTER IS SLENDER, YOUTHFUL-LOOKING MAURICE COUVE DE MURVILLE, A CAREER DIPLOMAT WHO HAS TAKEN PART IN MANY HIGH-LEVEL MEETINGS.

BRITAIN'S HAROLD MACMILLAN, NOW PRIME MINISTER, HAS TURNED OVER THE FOREIGN MINISTRY TO HIS FORMER NO. 2 MAN, SELWYN LLOYD.

SECRETARY OF STATE DULLES REPRESENTED THE UNITED STATES IN 1955. BECAUSE OF HIS ILLNESS, IT IS NOT CERTAIN WHETHER HE WILL BE ABLE TO GO THROUGH THE ARDUOUS LABORS OF A SUMMIT CONFERENCE EVEN IF HE RETAINS HIS POST. ACTING SECRETARY CHRISTIAN HERTER MAY GO IN HIS PLACE.

ONE SIGNIFICANT ABSENCE WILL BE THAT OF SOVIET MARSHAL GEORGI ZHUKOV, ONCE A CLOSE FRIEND OF EISENHOWER AND FORMER DEFENSE MINISTER OF THE SOVIET UNION. LIKE BULGANIN AND MOLOTOV, ZHUKOV HAS BEEN ELBOWED OUT OF THE PICTURE BY NIKITA KHRUSHCHEV.

ONE OF THE HOPEFUL ASPECTS OF THE 1955 SUMMIT MEETING WAS THE PRIVATE TALKS BETWEEN EISENHOWER AND ZHUKOV--EVEN THOUGH THERE WERE NO TANGIBLE RESULTS.

OF THE BIG FOUR THEMSELVES, ONLY FRANCE'S CHARLES DE GAULLE WAS NOT IN GENEVA FOUR YEARS AGO. KHRUSHCHEV AND MACMILLAN WILL BE NEW TO THE TOP LEVEL SEATS, BUT BOTH PLAYED IMPORTANT ROLES AT THE 1955 MEETING.

FOUR YEARS AGO KHRUSHCHEV, AS COMMUNIST PARTY BOSS, WAS TECHNICALLY ONLY AN ADVISER TO BULGANIN. HE LET BULGANIN DO THE TALKING, BUT THE PARTICIPANTS NEVER DOUBTED WHO MADE DECISIONS. DIPLOMATS TOLD OF OCCASIONS OUTSIDE THE MEETINGS WHEN KHRUSHCHEV BRUSQUELY INTERRUPTED BULGANIN AND MADE IT CLEAR THAT THE MARSHAL WAS PREMIER IN NAME ONLY. MACMILLAN NOT ONLY ATTENDED THE MEETINGS AS EDEN'S CHIEF ADVISER BUT, WITH THE OTHER FOREIGN MINISTERS, TOOK PART IN ALL THE PREPATORY TALKS WHICH PAVED THE WAY FOR THE FORMAL DISCUSSIONS AT THE SUMMIT LEVEL.

END ADVANCE FOR WEDNESDAY PMS--MOVED MARCH 31)

HW859AES

AP117 (AGENCIES & RADIO OUT)

AP FOREIGN SERVICE ADVANCE FOR WEDNESDAY PMS- April 1.

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KHRUSHCHEV: KEY TO THE KREMLIN--NO. 3

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EDITOR'S NOTE--THIS SUMMER'S SUMMIT MEETING, IF IT COMES OFF, WILL SEAT PRESIDENT EISENHOWER ACROSS THE TABLE FROM A MAN EXPERIENCED IN THE ARTS OF POLITICAL INFIGHTING AND COMMUNIST INTRIGUE. THIS ARTICLE, THIRD OF A SERIES OF FIVE, TELLS MORE OF THE KIND OF ANTAGONIST KHRUSHCHEV CAN BE.

BY WILLIAM L. RYAN

AP FOREIGN NEWS ANALYST

(ADVANCE)--STUBBY NIKITA KHRUSHCHEV PLANTED HIMSELF IN THE MIDDLE OF A FIELD, SURROUNDED BY AWED FARMERS AND COMMUNIST FUNCTIONARIES. A BRISK BREEZE FANNED TO MOTION THE TINY WISPS OF WHITE HAIR ON HIS NEARLY NAKED ROUND DOME.

"HERE," EXCLAIMED KHRUSHCHEV, POINTING DRAMATICALLY TO THE CORN "IS THE COMPLETE SAUSAGE ON THE HANDLE! HERE IS BEEFSTEAK; HERE IS BACON! HOW WILL THESE PLANTS LOOK IN A MONTH AND A HALF, WHEN HARVEST COMES? THE COBS WILL BE A HALF YARD LONG. NOW YOU UNDERSTAND WHY I AM SO ENTHUSIASTIC ABOUT CORN!"

THIS WAS THE NEW KHRUSHCHEV OF RECENT VINTAGE, KHRUSHCHEV THE BOSS. HE SPOKE ABOUT THE PRESSING NEED FOR ANIMAL FODDER. WHO WOULD DARE REMIND HIM THAT HIS OWN EXPERIMENTING IN THE PAST HAD GRAVELY ENDANGERED THE U.S.S.R.'S LIVESTOCK POPULATION?

KHRUSHCHEV OWED MUCH OF HIS CAREER TO HIS INTEREST IN AGRICULTURE AND HIS KNOWLEDGE OF THE FARMER. BOSS AT LAST, HE COULD TALK CONFIDENTLY ABOUT HIS BIG IDEAS. IT HADN'T BEEN SO IN THE PAST. HIS FIRST BIG IDEA ABOUT FARMING, IN FACT, ALMOST COST HIM HIS HEAD. AS A MEMBER OF STALIN'S INNER POLITBURO AND BOSS OF THE UKRAINE, KHRUSHCHEV CONCEIVED THE IDEA OF REVOLUTIONIZING COLLECTIVE FARMING AS A STEP TOWARD THE GOAL OF COMMUNISM.

IN GENERAL CHARGE OF SOVIET AGRICULTURE WAS ANDREI ANDREYEVICH ANDREYEV, OLD "TRIPLE A," WEAK, INEFFICIENT, ALWAYS TOTTERING ON THE EDGE OF DISASTER. FOR THE AGGRESSIVE KHRUSHCHEV, ANDREYEV WAS A PUSHOVER.

FARMS, SAID KHRUSHCHEV, WOULD BE TRANSFORMED INTO AGRICULTURAL FACTORIES. FARMERS WOULD BECOME FARM INDUSTRY WORKERS. SMALL COLLECTIVES WOULD BE MERGED ON A VAST SCALE INTO HUGE FARM FACTORIES.

KHRUSHCHEV'S REAL GOAL, INSPIRED BY STALIN, WAS TO ABOLISH ALL PRIVATE PLOTS, THE KITCHEN GARDENS BY WHICH THE PEASANTS SET GREAT STORE. HE WOULD BUILD INSTEAD COMMUNAL AGROGORDS--FARM CITIES.

HE RECKONED WITHOUT THE PEASANTS. THERE WAS GRUMBLING, RESENTMENT, EVEN RESISTANCE. HE PUSHED THROUGH THOUSANDS OF AMALGAMATIONS, BUT SUDDENLY STALIN SLAPPED HIM DOWN AND HALTED THE PROGRAM.

THE COAL MINER FROM KURSK LISTENED IN BROODING SILENCE AT THE 20TH COMMUNIST CONGRESS IN OCTOBER, 1952. GEORGI MALENKOV, STALIN'S DOOR RIGHT HAND, REFERRED TO KHRUSHCHEV AS ONE OF "OUR INDIVIDUAL EXECUTIVE WORKERS" WHO ERRED IN TRYING TO FORCE FARM CONSOLIDATION.

"THEY TRIED," THUNDERED MALENKOV, "TO BRING ABOUT AT A FORCED TEMPO THE MASS RESETTLEMENT OF VILLAGES IN LARGE COLLECTIVE SETTLEMENTS, TO DEMOLISH OLD COLLECTIVE FARM INSTALLATIONS AND HOMES OF COLLECTIVE FARMERS, TO CREATE INSTEAD AGROGRODS."

BUT KHRUSHCHEV HAD BOUNCE. DESPITE THIS AWESOME BLAST, HE EMERGED FROM THE 1952 CONGRESS A MEMBER OF THE EXPANDED PRESIDUM WHICH SUPPLANTED THE POLITBURO, AND A MEMBER OF AN EXPANDED PARTY SECRETARIAT. HE LOST NO TIME IN NAILING DOWN HIS INFLUENCE.

MALENKOV WOULD LIVE TO RUE HIS WORDS. LONG AFTER STALIN'S DEATH, KHRUSHCHEV WOULD REVERT TO 1952 AND BLAME MALENKOV FOR THE SORRY STATE OF SOVIET AGRICULTURE THEN. HE WOULD SUCCEED IN HAVING MALENKOV THROWN OUT OF THE HIERARCHY.

TO HEAR KHRUSHCHEV TELL IT, HE HAD NOTHING TO DO WITH THE WHOLE BUSINESS UNTIL HE STEPPED IN WITH THE CURE.

SHORTLY AFTER THE 1952 CONGRESS, THE LIVES OF ALL POLITBURO MEMBERS WERE IN GRAVE DANGER. STALIN, TO QUOTE A DIPLOMAT OF THE DAY, HAD "REACHED FOR THE BOTTLE AGAIN." A NEW BLOOD PURGE WAS IN THE MAKING. STALIN'S ASSISTANTS FABRICATED A FANTASTIC STORY ABOUT A PLOT OF DOCTORS, MOST OF THEM JEWISH, TO POISON STALIN AND OTHER LEADING FIGURES.

LUCKILY FOR THE POLITBURO--SOME SAY IT WAS MORE THAN COINCIDENCE--STALIN DIED IN MARCH 1953.

AT THAT MOMENT, KHRUSHCHEV SEEMED ONLY AN ALSO-RAN IN THE POWER SWEEPSTAKES, SCARCELY NOTICED IN THE TEARFUL OBSEQUIES FOR THE DEAD DICTATOR. BUT STALIN'S BODY WAS NOT COLD BEFORE THE PLOTTING BEGAN.

MALENKOV TOOK BOTH STALIN JOBS: PREMIER AND FIRST PARTY SECRETARY, IN CONTROL OF BOTH PARTY AND GOVERNMENT. WITHIN TWO WEEKS, KHRUSHCHEV NUDGED MALENKOV FROM THE PARTY JOB.

THOSE WERE NERVOUS DAYS. THE NEW LEADERSHIP, CALLING ITSELF "COLLECTIVE," FELT IMPELLED TO PROMISE ABUNDANCE TO THE LONG SUFFERING PUBLIC. IT APPARENTLY FELT THE NEED OF POPULAR SUPPORT, SOMETHING UNHEARD OF IN STALIN'S DAY. THE WHOLE FANTASTIC STORY OF THE DOCTOR'S PLOT WAS REVERSED. BUT NOT FOR THREE YEARS DID THE SOVIET PUBLIC LEARN WHY.

AT THE 1956 CONGRESS, KHRUSHCHEV SOBBED OUT THE TERRIFYING STORY. NOT A MAN ON THE POLITBURO HAD BEEN SAFE, HE RECALLED, AFTER THE OBSCURE DR. TIMASHUK UNFOLDED HER FANTASTIC TALE OF THE PLOT.

"LET US RECALL THE AFFAIR OF THE DOCTOR-PLOTTERS," SAID KHRUSHCHEV. "ACTUALLY THERE WAS NO AFFAIR OUTSIDE THE DECLARATION OF THE WOMAN DOCTOR TIMASHUK WHO WAS INFLUENCED OR ORDERED BY SOMEONE--AFTER ALL SHE WAS AN UNOFFICIAL COLLABORATOR OF THE ORGANS OF STATE SECURITY--TO WRITE STALIN A LETTER IN WHICH SHE DECLARED THAT DOCTORS WERE APPLYING SUPPOSEDLY IMPROPER METHODS OF MEDICAL TREATMENT.

"SUCH A LETTER WAS ENOUGH FOR STALIN TO REACH THE IMMEDIATE CONCLUSION THAT THERE WERE DOCTOR-PLOTTERS IN THE SOVIET UNION. STALIN PERSONALLY CALLED THE INVESTIGATING JUDGE AND GAVE HIM INSTRUCTIONS, ADVISING HIM WHICH INVESTIGATIVE METHODS SHOULD BE USED. THESE METHODS WERE SIMPLE: BEAT, BEAT AND ONCE AGAIN BEAT."

SO MUCH FOR THE MAN WHO WAS, FOR SO MANY YEARS, NIKITA KHRUSHCHEV'S "GREAT GENIUS LEADER AND TEACHER." KHRUSHCHEV'S OWN METHODS WERE TO SEEM MORE REFINED BY COMPARISON.

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TOMORROW: WAITING FOR THE SHRIMP TO WHISTLE.
(END ADVANCE FOR WEDNESDAY PMS--MOVED MARCH 27).
J1041AES

A20

AMS BUDGET (680)
NIGHT LEAD CORRIDOR
BY SEYMOUR TOPPING

BERLIN, APRIL 1 (AP)--THE SOVIET UNION WARNED THE UNITED STATES TODAY TO STOP HIGH-ALTITUDE FLIGHTS TO BERLIN. THE U.S. AIR FORCE SAID IT WILL CONTINUE THEM AS NECESSARY.

30.24-6631

STEPPING UP PRESSURE ELSEWHERE THE RUSSIANS ISSUED AN ORDER IN MOSCOW TEMPORARILY BANNING ALL TRAVEL BY WESTERN DIPLOMATS OUTSIDE THE SOVIET CAPITAL AND LENINGRAD--PRESUMABLY BECAUSE OF SPRING MILITARY MANEUVERS. MEETING THIS HEAD-ON WASHINGTON RESTRICTED TRAVEL OF SOVIET DIPLOMATS TO THE WASHINGTON-NEW YORK AREA IN THE UNITED STATES.

IN THE BALKANS, THE REPORTED TRANSFER OF 100 BULGARIAN JET PLANES FROM THE GREEK FRONTIER TO BASES NEAR ROMANIA AND YUGOSLAVIA BROUGHT CONCERN TO ALLIED MILITARY AUTHORITIES IN ATHENS. A GREEK MILITARY SOURCE SPECULATED THAT THE MOVE MAY BE AIMED AT INTIMIDATING YUGOSLAVIA OR BE PART OF A GENERAL PLAN CONNECTED WITH THE BERLIN CRISIS.

THE SHARPENING DISPUTE OVER THE AIR CORRIDOR TO BERLIN RAISED THE DANGER OF CLASHES BETWEEN AMERICAN PLANES AND SOVIET MIG FIGHTERS AT A TIME WHEN THE WESTERN FOREIGN MINISTERS ARE MEETING IN WASHINGTON TO LAY THE GROUNDWORK FOR SPRING MEETINGS WITH THE RUSSIANS.

ALLIED PLANES FLYING TO ISOLATED WEST BERLIN MUST USE ONE OF THREE CORRIDORS IN CROSSING COMMUNIST EAST GERMANY.

RESPONSIBLE ALLIED INFORMANTS SAID THE U.S. AIR FORCE IN WEST GERMANY IS AWAITING A GO-AHEAD FROM WASHINGTON BEFORE DISPATCHING A C130 TURBOPROP HERCULES TRANSPORT THAT WOULD PROVIDE A TEST CASE.

THE SOVIET EMBASSY IN EAST BERLIN WARNED THAT ANY SUCH FLIGHTS ABOVE 10,000 FEET WOULD LEAD TO COMPLICATIONS. THE RUSSIANS INSIST HIGH ALTITUDE FLIGHTS ENDANGER SOVIET PLANES CROSSING THE CORRIDORS.

WHEN A C130 MADE ITS FIRST ROUNDTrip FLIGHT TO WEST BERLIN FRIDAY, CRUISING AT OVER 20,000 FEET, IT WAS BUZZED AT WINGTIP BY SOVIET FIGHTERS. THE UNITED STATES PROMPTLY PROTESTED AND THE SOVIETS COUNTERED WITH A PROTEST AND WARNINGS.

THE U.S. STATE DEPARTMENT DECLARED THAT HIGH ALTITUDE PLANES WILL CONTINUE TO FLY TO WEST BERLIN, AND A SPOKESMAN FOR THE U.S. AIR FORCE IN EUROPE ANNOUNCED:

"IF AT ANY TIME A MILITARY REQUIREMENT IS ESTABLISHED FOR USE OF C130S IN TRANSPORTING CARGO OR MILITARY PERSONNEL IN OR OUT OF WEST BERLIN IT WILL BE USED."

AN AIR FORCE SPOKESMAN ADDED THAT "THE MOST EFFICIENT ALTITUDE FOR CARRYING CARGO OVER RELATIVELY SHORT RUNS IS BETWEEN 20,000 AND 30,000 FEET, DEPENDING ON WINDS AND CARGO."

WITH THE FOREIGN MINISTERS CONFERENCE ON THE BERLIN CRISIS COMING UP AT GENEVA MAY 11, THE UNITED STATES APPEARED DETERMINED TO STAND FAST ON THE AIR RIGHTS ISSUE.

IF THE FOREIGN MINISTERS' PARLEY BREAKS DOWN AND THE COMMUNISTS CLAMP ANOTHER LAND BLOCKADE ON BERLIN, THE ALLIES WANT THE RIGHT ESTABLISHED TO SEND IN AIRLIFT TRANSPORTS AT ANY ALTITUDE.

THE SOVIET EMBASSY SPOKESMAN, J.W. BEBUROV, TOLD REPORTERS HERE THAT THE UNITED STATES HAD NO RIGHT TO "UNILATERALLY ALTER A REGULATION OF YEARS' STANDING."

"IF A CHANGE IN THE REGULATIONS IS DESIRED THEN NEGOTIATIONS MUST BE CARRIED OUT," HE SAID.

ASKED WHAT WOULD HAPPEN IF THE ALLIES PERSISTED IN SENDING IN HIGH FLYING PLANES WITHOUT SOVIET CLEARANCE, BEBUROV REPLIED: "COMPLICATIONS." THE 100-MILE LONG AIR CORRIDORS ARE FLANKED BY SOVIET FIGHTER BASES.

ALLIED PLANES FLY UNARMED IN THE AIR CORRIDORS AND FIGHTER SUPPORT WOULD HAVE TO BE SUMMONED FROM BASES IN WEST GERMANY.

FOR YEARS THE SOVIETS HAVE INSISTED THAT ALLIED PLANES MUST FLY IN THE 20-MILE WIDE AIR CORRIDORS AT ALTITUDES BETWEEN 2,500 AND 10,000 FEET. THEY RESERVE THE OUTSIDE ALTITUDES FOR THEIR OWN TRAFFIC.

MORE AS A MATTER OF PRINCIPLE THAN ANYTHING ELSE, THE ALLIES HAVE INSISTED ON THE RIGHT TO FLY AT ANY ALTITUDE. NOW IT HAS BECOME A PRACTICAL MATTER WITH THE INTRODUCTION OF TURBOPROP AND JET PLANES WHICH OPERATE BEST AT HIGH ALTITUDES.

THE UNITED STATES APPARENTLY DECIDED TO SEND A C130 INTO BERLIN LAST FRIDAY BECAUSE IT FELT COMMUNIST THREATS TO THE CITY MADE IT NECESSARY TO ESTABLISH A CLEAR PRECEDENT.

THE HERCULES IS MORE EFFICIENT AND CARRIES MORE THAN THE C47 AND C54, THE WORKHORSES OF THE 1948-49 BERLIN AIRLIFT. WITH A TOP SPEED OF MORE THAN 300 MILES AN HOUR, THE C130 CARRIES UP TO 20 TONS OR 90 TROOPS WITH FULL EQUIPMENT.

THE TWO-ENGINE C47, STILL IN USE, HAS A TOP SPEED OF 170 MILES AN HOUR AND HAS A CARGO CAPACITY OF 7,500 POUNDS OR 21 TROOPS. THE FOUR-ENGINE C54 CAN GO 300 MILES AN HOUR AND CARRY 31,000 POUNDS OR 50 TROOPS.

THE SOVIET RESTRICTION ON WESTERN DIPLOMATS' TRAVEL WAS FIRST ANNOUNCED IN LONDON.

THE BRITISH FOREIGN OFFICE SAID WESTERN DIPLOMATIC MISSIONS IN MOSCOW HAD BEEN GIVEN JUST 24 HOURS NOTICE AND HAD BEEN TOLD THAT THE RESTRICTIONS WERE "FOR TEMPORARY REASONS."

A FOREIGN OFFICE SPOKESMAN SAID THE BRITISH ASSUME LARGE MILITARY MANEUVERS ARE TAKING PLACE THROUGHOUT THE SOVIET UNION, BUT RARELY BEFORE HAS SO BIG AN AREA OF THE SOVIET UNION BEEN SHUT OFF.

THE BRITISH SAID NO RETALIATION AGAINST SOVIET DIPLOMATS IN BRITAIN WAS PLANNED, AT LEAST NOW.

MEANWHILE COMMUNIST EAST GERMANY PROTESTED "PROVOCATORY VIOLATIONS" OF ITS AIR SPACE BY U.S. AND WEST GERMAN AIRCRAFT.

A FOREIGN MINISTRY STATEMENT PUBLISHED BY THE OFFICIAL EAST GERMANY NEWS SERVICE ADN. CLAIMED THE BORDER WAS VIOLATED BY TWO AMERICAN PLANES, ONE WEST GERMAN AIR FORCE SINGLEENGINE PLANE AND AN UNIDENTIFIED PLANE BETWEEN MARCH 25 AND 27.

ONE CASE INVOLVED EMORY A. VAUGHAN, AN AMERICAN CIVILIAN PILOT WHO STRAYED INTO EAST GERMANY FRIDAY IN HIS SPORTS PLANE AND MADE A FORCED LANDING.

"HIS STATEMENTS ON HIS IDENTITY AND ON HIS REASONS FOR FLYING OVER THE TERRITORY OF THE (EAST) GERMAN DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC ARE STILL UNDER INVESTIGATION", THE STATEMENT SAID.

ARMY RECORDS LIST VAUGHN'S (CQ) HOME ADDRESS AS 212 WINSTON RD., PORTSMOUTH, VA.
RJ648PES

A66

(340)
BERLIN, APRIL 1 (AP)-TWO U.S. CONGRESSMEN DROVE FROM WEST GERMANY TO BERLIN TODAY THROUGH EAST GERMANY. REP. ALVIN M. BENTLEY (R-MICH) SAID HE AND REP. CORNELIUS GALLAGHER (D-NJ) WANTED TO HOW THE IMPORTANCE THAT THE AMERICAN PEOPLE AND THEIR CONGRESS ATTACH TO FREE ACCESS TO WEST BERLIN.

U.S. STATE DEPARTMENT OFFICIALS SAID IT WAS THE FIRST TIME MEMBERS OF CONGRESS HAVE MADE THE OVERLAND TRIP THROUGH RUSSIAN CONTROLS ON THE 110-MILE AUTOBAHN.

BENTLEY AND GALLAGHER ARE MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE FOREIGN AFFAIRS COMMITTEE. THEY MADE THE TRIP WITHOUT INCIDENT, CARRYING MILITARY TRANSIT ORDERS PRINTED IN RUSSIAN AND ENGLISH.

"WE FEEL THAT FLYING IN AND OUT OF WEST BERLIN DOES NOT POINT UP ENOUGH THE PROBLEM OF FREE ACCESS TO THE CITY," BENTLEY SAID.

"WE WERE ABLE TO ACTUALLY SEE THE PHYSICAL SETUP ON THE GROUND SO THAT WE CAN MAKE A BETTER ON-THE-SPOT REPORT TO OUR COMMITTEE."

TECHNICALLY ONLY ALLIED MILITARY AND STATE DEPARTMENT PERSONNEL HAVE THE RIGHT TO PASS SOVIET CONTROL POINTS ON THE AUTOBAHN, BUT THE CONGRESSMEN WERE CHECKED THROUGH QUICKLY AND COURTEOUSLY BY THE RUSSIANS.

THEY WERE NOT REQUIRED, AS ARE ORDINARY WESTERN CIVILIANS, TO GO THROUGH AN EAST GERMAN GUARD POINT.

THE TWO CONGRESSMEN MADE THE TRIP IN A STATE DEPARTMENT CAR DRIVEN BY AN AMERICAN SOLDIER. THEY ARE ON AN INFORMATION-SEEKING TOUR OF WEST GERMANY AND BERLIN.

GALLAGHER WAS IMPRESSED BY THE WAY EAST GERMAN CHILDREN RAN OUT TO THE SIDE OF THE AUTOBAHN TO WAVE AT THE PLAINLY MARKED AMERICAN CAR.

"THERE WAS NO UNHAPPINESS AMONG THEM ABOUT AMERICANS," THE NEW JERSEY DEMOCRAT SAID.

ASKED WHAT THEY THOUGHT THE CHANCES WOULD BE FOR A WESTERN MILITARY FORCE TO BREAK THROUGH A SOVIET BLOCKADE OF WEST BERLIN, BENTLEY REPLIED:

"IT WOULD BE A SUPERHUMAN TASK FOR THE FORCES WE HAVE AT THE PRESENT TIME TO FORCE THEIR WAY INTO BERLIN IN THE FACE OF DETERMINED SOVIET RESISTANCE."

"THE SOVIETS HAVE 22 DIVISIONS IN EAST GERMANY, ASIDE FROM WHAT THEY HAVE ELSEWHERE."

"A CONFLICT COULD NOT BE CONFINED TO BERLIN OR EAST GERMANY, BUT WOULD BECOME AN ALL-OUT WAR."

GALLAGHER SAID HE DOUBTED THE RUSSIANS WOULD GAMBLE ON TURNING OVER THE LIFELINE CHECKPOINTS TO THE EAST GERMANS SINCE THIS WOULD ALLOW THEM TO TAKE ON THE UNITED STATES. HE OBSERVED:

"I DON'T THINK THE SOVIETS WILL GIVE THE POWER OF DECLARING WAR TO THE EAST GERMANS. FOR THAT REASON AND MANY OTHER REASONS I DON'T BELIEVE THE RUSSIANS ARE GOING TO TRY TO KEEP US OUT OF BERLIN."

SF611PES

A46

MOSCOW, APRIL 1 (AP)-PREMIER NIKITA KHRUSHCHEV TODAY PREDICTED THAT 1959 COULD "MARK THE DEPARTURE FROM THE ROAD OF THE ARMS RACE AND THE COLD WAR."

HE ADDED: "THE SOVIET UNION WILL CONTINUE TO STRIVE FOR AN AGREEMENT ON THE DISCONTINUANCE OF ATOMIC AND HYDROGEN WEAPON TESTS."

KHRUSHCHEV WAS REPLYING TO A LETTER FROM THE ALL-INDIA PEACE COUNCIL WHICH MOSCOW RADIO SAID HAD EXPRESSED HOPE FOR SUCCESS IN THE GENEVA TALKS ON ENDING NUCLEAR TESTS.

B94 (Q)

G446PES

MADRID, APRIL 1 (AP)-THOMAS S. GATES, U.S. SECRETARY OF THE NAVY, ARRIVED TODAY BY PLANE FOR A FOUR-DAY VISIT AS GUEST OF ADM. FELIPE ABARZUA, SPANISH NAVY MINISTER.

GATES WILL CONFER WITH SPANISH AND AMERICAN NAVAL OFFICIALS AND VISIT JOINT SPANISH-AMERICAN MILITARY INSTALLATIONS.
LS1222PES

A99

(100)

ROME, APRIL 1 (AP)-THE CABINET TODAY APPROVED AN AMNESTY BILL COVERING MOST PERSONS CONVICTED OF POLITICAL CRIMES IN THE PAST 15 YEARS. THE MEASURE, NOW BEFORE PARLIAMENT, WILL AFFECT MANY FASCISTS AND COMMUNISTS.

IT PROVIDES AMNESTY FOR ALL PERSONS CONVICTED OF POLITICAL CRIMES BETWEEN SEPT. 8, 1943, WHEN ITALY SURRENDERED TO THE WORLD WAR II ALLIES, AND JUNE 18, 1946, WHEN ITALY BECAME A REPUBLIC. PERSONS CONVICTED OF POLITICAL CRIMES SINCE JUNE 18, 1946, WILL BE INCLUDED IF THEIR PRISON SENTENCES WERE LESS THAN FOUR YEARS.

THE BILL ALSO PROVIDES AMNESTY FOR CERTAIN COMMON CRIMES, INCLUDING MINOR ROBBERIES AND TAX EVASION.

DY802PES

B25 (SEG)

NICE, FRANCE, APRIL 1 (AP)-PRINCE NORODOM SIHANOUK, PREMIER OF CAMBODIA, HAS ARRIVED IN NICE FOR A VACATION.

PRINCE SIHANOUK, ACCOMPANIED BY HIS WIFE AND DAUGHTER, TOLD NEWSMEN HE PLANS TO SPEND MORE TIME ON THE RIVIERA, THEN GO TO PARIS TO MEET PRESIDENT DE GAULLE. REPORTS FROM HIS INDOCHINESE KINGDOM, RELAYED VIA PEIPING, SAID HE ALSO WOULD SEEK FRENCH ECONOMIC AID FOR CAMBODIA, A FORMER FRENCH PROTECTORATE.

WH537AES

A98

(100)

BERLIN, APRIL 1 (AP)-SOVIET MILITARY POLICE TODAY WERE REPORTED SEARCHING THE AREA AROUND WEST BERLIN FOR SOVIET ARMY DESERTERS. EAST GERMAN TRAVELERS ARRIVING IN WEST BERLIN TOLD POLICE THEY HAD MET SOVIET M.P. PATROLS AT THE BORDER STATIONS OUTSIDE BERLIN AND WITHIN COMMUNIST EAST BERLIN.

THE TRAVELERS SAID THE SOVIETS DID NOT BOTHER WITH CIVILIANS BUT APPARENTLY WERE LOOKING FOR SOVIET SOLDIERS TRYING TO REACH WEST BERLIN.

ALLIED OFFICIALS AND THE WEST BERLIN POLICE SAID THEY COULD NOT CONFIRM A REPORT BY THE WEST BERLIN NEWSPAPER B.Z. THAT THE FUGITIVES WERE SEVEN SOVIET OFFICERS WHO HAD DESERTED FROM A UNIT STATIONED IN STRAUSSBERG OUTSIDE BERLIN.

DY8PES

A91

HEIDELBERG, GERMANY, APRIL 1 (AP)-GEN. C. D. EDDLEMAN TOOK OVER TODAY AS COMMANDER IN CHIEF OF THE U.S. ARMY IN EUROPE AND AS COMMANDER OF THE NORTH ATLANTIC ALLIANCE'S CENTRAL ARMY GROUP. HE WAS PROMOTED TO FOUR-STAR GENERAL AT THE SAME TIME. HE SUCCEEDED GEN. H. I. NODS, WHO RETIRED YESTERDAY AFTER 39 YEARS OF ARMY SERVICE.

EDDLEMAN PREVIOUSLY COMMANDED THE U.S. 7TH ARMY. THAT COMMAND HAS BEEN TAKEN OVER BY LT. GEN. FRANCIS W. FARRELL, FORMER COMMANDER OF THE U.S. 5TH CORPS.

K834AES

B31 (SEG)

(170)

HEIDELBERG, GERMANY, APRIL 1 (AP)-U.S. ARMY HEADQUARTERS SAY THE RUSSIANS STILL HAVE NOT ANSWERED A REQUEST FOR THE PROMPT RELEASE OF EMORY A. VAUGHAN, AMERICAN SPARE-TIME FLIER HELD IN COMMUNIST EAST GERMANY.

VAUGHAN, A 32-YEAR-OLD CIVILIAN EMPLOYEE OF THE ARMY POST EXCHANGE SYSTEM IN WEST GERMANY, STRAYED ACROSS THE IRON CURTAIN BORDER FRIDAY IN HIS SINGLE-ENGINE PERSONAL PLANE WHILE ON A FLIGHT FROM MANNHEIM TO NUERNBERG.

EAST GERMAN AUTHORITIES CONFIRMED THEY WERE HOLDING VAUGHAN AND SAID AN INVESTIGATION WAS UNDERWAY TO DETERMINE IF HE WAS SPYING.

IT WAS THE THIRD TIME IN LESS THAN A YEAR THAT AN AMERICAN PLANE HAD STRAYED INTO EAST GERMANY. THE UNITED STATES CONTENDS THAT RUSSIA IS OBLIGATED TO RETURN THE PLANES AND PERSONNEL UNDER POSTWAR OCCUPATION AGREEMENTS. BUT A SPOKESMAN AT THE SOVIET EMBASSY IN EAST BERLIN, REPEATING THE STANDARD RUSSIAN ARGUMENT, SAID THE UNITED STATES SHOULD DEAL DIRECTLY WITH THE EAST GERMAN REGIME, WHICH THE WEST REFUSES TO RECOGNIZE.

IN PREVIOUS CASES, THE AMERICANS HAVE BEEN RELEASED AFTER NEGOTIATIONS BETWEEN THE AMERICAN RED CROSS AND THE EAST GERMAN RED CROSS.

ARMY RECORDS LIST VAUGHAN'S HOME ADDRESS AS 218 WINSTON RD., PORTSMOUTH, VA.

WH631AES

A168

(170)

WARSAW, APRIL 1 (AP)-MORE THAN 10,000 POLISH REPATRIATES HAVE CROSSED THE FRONTIER DURING THE LAST THREE DAYS TO BEAT THE DEADLINE FOR COMING HOME FROM EXILE IN THE SOVIET UNION, POLISH AUTHORITIES REPORTED TODAY.

THE REFUGEES ARE SWAMPING RECEPTION FACILITIES AT THE BORDER TOWN OF TERESPOL. THOUSANDS MORE ARE ARRIVING ON EVERY TRAIN FROM MOSCOW.

THE DIRECTOR OF THE GOVERNMENT'S REPATRIATION BUREAU AND THE HEAD OF THE REPATRIATION SECTION OF THE RED CROSS WENT TO TERESPOL. CARE (CAPS). AN AMERICAN PRIVATE WELFARE ORGANIZATION. ALSO OFFERED

30.24-6633

TO HELP DESTITUTE REFUGEES WITH LINENS, BLANKETS AND FOOD.

MORE THAN 250,000 POLES HAVE RETURNED HOME SINCE POLAND AND THE SOVIET UNION SIGNED A REPATRIATION AGREEMENT NOV. 18, 1956. IT ORIGINALLY WAS SCHEDULED TO EXPIRE AT THE END OF LAST YEAR BUT WAS EXTENDED TO MARCH 31.

APPLICATIONS WERE TAKEN IN MOSCOW UNTIL YESTERDAY. REFUGEES WHO APPLIED BEFORE THE DEADLINE ARE EXPECTED TO POUR ACROSS THE BORDER FOR THE NEXT FEW WEEKS.

MOST OF THE REPATRIATES HAVE GONE TO THE WESTERN TERRITORIES POLAND ACQUIRED FROM GERMANY AFTER WORLD WAR II. BEFORE THEIR SOVIET EXILE MOST HAD LIVED IN EAST POLAND, AN AREA LOST TO THE SOVIET UNION AS THE RESULT OF THE WAR.

X125PES

A145

BUDAPEST, APRIL 1 (AP)-COMMUNIST HUNGARY TODAY DENIED FOREIGN REPORTS CHARGING THAT BRUTAL METHODS ARE BEING USED TO FORCE HUNGARIAN FARMERS INTO COLLECTIVES.

A FOREIGN MINISTRY SPOKESMAN SAID CLAIMS THAT FARMERS ARE BEING JAILED AND DRIVEN TO SUICIDE ARE ABSURD. HE SAID THE PROGRAM IS STRICTLY VOLUNTARY BECAUSE THAT IS THE ONLY WAY IT WILL WORK.

THE DENIAL REFERRED SPECIFICALLY TO A RECENT ASSOCIATED PRESS STORY WRITTEN IN WASHINGTON AND BASED ON INFORMATION FROM REFUGEE AND DIPLOMATIC SOURCES THERE.

THE SPOKESMAN SAID THE GOVERNMENT HAS SPECIFICALLY FORBIDDEN ANYONE CONNECTED WITH THE ARMED FORCES OR POLICE TO HAVE ANYTHING TO DO WITH THE DRIVE, INCLUDING RUSSIAN TROOPS IN HUNGARY.

WITH THE SPRING FARMING SEASON UNDERWAY, COLLECTIVIZATION HAS BEEN HALTED UNTIL AFTER HARVEST TIME.

SINCE THE START OF THE DRIVE IN JANUARY, ABOUT 15 PER CENT OF THE NATION'S FARM ACREAGE HAS BEEN COLLECTIVIZED. ADDED TO OLDER COLLECTIVE FARMS AND STATE FARMS, THIS TOTALS ABOUT 45 PER CENT.

THE SPOKESMAN ADDED THAT THE 15 PER CENT INCREASE IS ABOUT ALL HUNGARY CAN HANDLE THIS YEAR BECAUSE NEW COLLECTIVES NEED NEW EQUIPMENT.

HUNGARY'S COMMUNIST GOVERNMENT WANTS TO COLLECTIVIZE ALL FARMING EVENTUALLY, HE SAID, AND IF THE NEW COLLECTIVES FAIL THERE IS LITTLE HOPE OF PERSUADING THE REMAINING PRIVATE FARMERS TO JOIN THEM.

FORCING FARMERS INTO COLLECTIVES IS ABOUT THE BEST WAY TO INSURE FAILURE, HE SAID, ADDING:

"ANYONE WHO KNOWS ANYTHING ABOUT FARMING KNOWS YOU CANNOT FORCE A MAN TO BE A GOOD FARMER."

JR1049PES

A115 (220)

BY JOHN BAUSMAN

BUDAPEST, APRIL 1 (AP)-ABOUT 60 ROMAN CATHOLIC STUDENTS HAVE BEEN EXPELLED FROM THEIR SEMINARY FOR DEFYING ORDERS OF HUNGARY'S COMMUNIST-ACCEPTED CHURCH LEADERS, INFORMED SOURCES REPORTED TONIGHT.

THE EXPULSIONS STEMMED FROM STUDENT SYMPATHY FOR 14 OTHER SEMINARIANS WHO WERE EXPELLED FROM THE CATHOLIC CENTRAL SEMINARY LAST MONTH, THE SOURCES SAID.

THE EXPULSIONS REPORTEDLY ONLY LEAVE ABOUT 10 STUDENTS IN THE SEMINARY, BRINGING ACTIVITIES OF THE SCHOOL PRACTICALLY TO A STAND-STILL.

THERE HAVE BEEN NO OFFICIAL STATEMENTS OR CONFIRMATION OF THE LATEST REPORTED DISMISSALS.

THE FIRST 14 DISMISSALS--FOR BEHAVIOR "CONTRARY TO THE NEW LIFE OF THE CHURCH AND ALIEN TO ITS IDEAS"--WERE CONFIRMED SEVERAL WEEKS AGO. THE SOURCES SAID THE FIRST GROUP OF EXPELLED STUDENTS HAD REFUSED

TO TAKE PART IN A MEETING ATTENDED BY SO-CALLED "PEACE PRIESTS," ALLEGEDLY BECAUSE SEVERAL OF THE PRIESTS HAD BEEN EXCOMMUNICATED FOR SERVING IN HUNGARY'S COMMUNIST DOMINATED PARLIAMENT.

A SECOND GROUP OF STUDENTS REPORTEDLY PROTESTED THESE EXPULSIONS IN A LETTER SENT TO THE CATHOLIC BENCH OF BISHOPS, THE RULING BODY OF THE HUNGARIAN ROMAN CATHOLIC CHURCH.

THE BISHOPS WERE SAID TO HAVE DEMANDED THAT ALL STUDENTS REPUDIATE THE LETTER AND PLEDGE OBEDIENCE TO THE CHURCH LEADERS. ABOUT 60 STUDENTS REFUSED TO COMPLY AND WERE FINALLY EXPELLED, THE SOURCES SAID. THE 10 REMAINING STUDENTS WERE SAID TO HAVE GIVEN THE PLEDGE OF OBEDIENCE.

SS901PES

B26 Q (160)

-17-

BUDAPEST, HUNGARY, APRIL 1 (AP)-PRISON SENTENCES WERE ANNOUNCED TODAY FOR FIVE MEN ARRESTED LAST FALL AND CONVICTED OF ANTISTATE PLOTTING.

THE HEAVIEST PENALTY, 10 YEARS, WENT TO FERENC MEREY, A FORMER PROFESSOR AND SUPPORTER OF IMRE NAGY, WHO HEADED THE GOVERNMENT AT ONE PERIOD IN 1956 AND WAS SUBSEQUENTLY EXECUTED.

THE NEWSPAPER ESTI HIRLAP SAID MEREY AND SANDOR FEKETE, WHO DREW NINE YEARS, ORGANIZED AN ANTISTATE PLOT AMONG NAGY FOLLOWERS AFTER THE 1956 UPRISING WAS CRUSHED. IT SAID FEKETE WROTE THEIR VIEWS IN A PAMPHLET CALLED "HUNGARICUS", SECRETLY DISTRIBUTED.

GYOERGY LITVAN, JENO SZELL AND ANDRAS HEGEDUES GOT SENTENCES OF SIX, FIVE AND TWO YEARS RESPECTIVELY.

THE MEN WERE IDENTIFIED BY NAME ONLY. HOWEVER, FEKETE IS BELIEVED TO BE THE PERSON OF THAT NAME WHO WAS ONCE CULTURAL EDITOR OF THE COMMUNIST PARTY NEWSPAPER AND ONCE A CORRESPONDENT IN YUGOSLAVIA.

SZELL IS UNDERSTOOD TO BE A FORMER AMBASSADOR TO ROMANIA. HEGEDUES HAS THE SAME NAME AS A 1955 PREMIER BUT IS NOT BELIEVED TO BE THE SAME PERSON.

WD523PES

A140

BELGRADE, APRIL 1 (AP)-THE BIGGEST YUGOSLAV PAPER, POLITIKA, PROTESTED TONIGHT AGAINST THE ITALIAN-AMERICAN AGREEMENT ON INSTALLATION OF ROCKET BASES IN ITALY. POLITIKA DECLARED THEY WOULD JEOPARDIZE YUGOSLAVIA'S SECURITY.

AN EDITORIAL SAID:

"THE ITALIAN GOVERNMENT HAS IN SEVERAL INSTANCES EXPRESSED ITS LOYALTY TO PEACE AND SHOWN ITS DESIRE FOR RELAXATION OF THE TENSION IN THE WORLD. HOWEVER, INSTALLATION OF ROCKET BASES IN ITALY PROVOKES A REVERSE EFFECT--IN EUROPEAN TERRITORY AS A WHOLE, AND IN THIS AREA OF THE WORLD IN PARTICULAR." X X X

JR1038PES

A167

(110)

ATHENS, GREECE, APRIL 1 (AP)-A SHIFT OF ABOUT 100 BULGARIAN JET PLANES TO AIRBASES NEAR ROMANIA AND YUGOSLAVIA WAS SAID TODAY TO HAVE RAISED CONCERN AT GREEK AND ALLIED MILITARY AUTHORITIES IN ATHENS.

THE MOVE OF THE JETS FROM AIRFIELDS ALONG THE GREEK-BULGARIAN FRONTIER WAS REPORTED BY THE ENGLISH LANGUAGE ATHENS DAILY POST AND WAS SAID TO HAVE OCCURRED A FEW DAYS AGO.

AN AUTHORITATIVE GREEK MILITARY SOURCE CONFIRMED THE TRANSFER OF THE PLANES TO THE NORTH. HE SAID ALL FLIGHTS ALONG THE BULGARIAN ZONE FACING GREECE HAVE STOPPED.

THIS SOURCE SAID THAT POSSIBLY THE MOVE WAS A "GAME AIMED AT INTIMIDATING YUGOSLAVIA, OR PART OF A GENERAL PLAN CONNECTED WITH THE BERLIN CRISIS."

THE SOURCE RAISED THE POSSIBILITY THAT THE MOVE MAY BE IN PREPARATION FOR SOME LATER POLITICAL ACTION.

K121PES

A132 (200 UP)

PRECEDE JERUSALEM CALLUP (ROUNDUP)

BY WILTON WYNN

CAIRO, THURSDAY, APRIL 2 (AP)-ISRAEL AND THEN SYRIA CALLED UP MILITARY RESERVE POWER LAST NIGHT WITH EXTRAORDINARY PUBLIC RADIO BROADCASTS.

OBSERVERS IN CAIRO SPECULATED EARLY TODAY THAT THE SYRIAN CALLUP WAS A PRECAUTIONARY MOVE IN RESPONSE TO THE EARLIER ISRAELI BROADCAST.

ISRAEL SAID ITS CALLUP WAS FOR ROUTINE TRAINING.

NEWS OF THE ISRAELI CALL AND THE SWIFT SYRIAN REACTION FLASHED ACROSS THE MIDDLE EAST IN THE LATE NIGHT HOURS.

MOST WERE QUICK TO DISCOUNT IT AS AN OMEN OF NEW ARAB-ISRAELI CONFLICT, HOWEVER, FOR CURRENT DISCORDS IN THE MIDEAST ARE CONCENTRATED MORE ON INTRA-ARAB FEUDING THAN ON THE UNENDING ARAB-ISRAELI DIFFERENCES.

THE BROADCAST FROM JERUSALEM AND DAMASCUS, THE SYRIAN PROVINCIAL CAPITAL OF THE UNITED ARAB REPUBLIC, CAME AT A TIME WHEN THERE WAS NO UNUSUAL TENSION ON THE ARAB-ISRAELI FRONTIERS. THERE HAS BEEN NO MAJOR INCIDENT THERE IN WEEKS.

IN FACT, ARABS ARE PREOCCUPIED WITH THEIR OWN INTERNAL SQUABBLES, ESPECIALLY THE HEATED QUARREL BETWEEN U.A.R. PRESIDENT NASSER AND IRAQ'S LEFTWARD-LEANING, COMMUNIST-SUPPORTED PREMIER KASSEM. AN ARAB LEAGUE MEETING IN BEIRUT THURSDAY WILL TRY TO MEDIATE THE ARAB QUARRELS.

CAIRO OFFICIALS OF THE U.A.R. DECLINED TO COMMENT DURING THE NIGHT ON THE SYRIAN CALLUP OF FORCES THAT ARE BASICALLY UNDER CAIRO COMMAND. IT WAS NOTED THAT THERE WERE NO REPORTED CLASHES ON THE ISRAELI-SYRIAN BORDER.

THE MOST IMMEDIATELY CRITICAL DIFFERENCE BETWEEN THE U.A.R. AND ISRAEL IS SEIZURE OF SOME CARGOES OF ISRAELI ORIGIN FROM FOREIGN SHIPS SEEKING TO PASS THROUGH THE SUEZ CANAL. ONE SUCH SHIP WAS LET THROUGH WITH ISRAELI CARGO FOR THE FAR EAST LAST WEEK.

THE ISRAELI CALLUP ORDERED THREE RESERVE UNITS IN A CODE MESSAGE TO REPORT FOR SERVICE TODAY. THEN DAMASCUS TOLD SYRIAN MILITARY PERSONNEL ON LEAVE TO RETURN TO DUTY AT ONCE.

INDEPENDENT MONITORS REPORTED LATE WEDNESDAY NIGHT THAT THE ISRAELI CALL WAS ISSUED IN A NORMAL BREAK BETWEEN EVENING PROGRAMS AND THAT THE DAMASCUS CALL WAS MADE AS A BREAK-IN ON A MOSLEM RELIGIOUS PROGRAM.

ISRAEL'S RADIO SIGNED OFF FOR THE NIGHT ON SCHEDULE. DAMASCUS WAS HEARD BROADCASTING LATER THAN USUAL, APPARENTLY IN CONNECTION WITH NIGHT FESTIVITIES OF THE HOLY MONTH OF RAMADAN.

ISRAELI SOURCES SAID A RESERVE CALLUP IS NOT UNUSUAL. THEY SAID SPRING AND FALL TRAINING OF RESERVES FOR PERIODS OF A WEEK OR TWO MAY BE CALLED BY RADIO, TELEGRAMS OR TELEPHONE CALLS TO RESERVISTS, WHO CARRY CODE BOOKS FOR SIGNAL PRACTICE.

THE ISRAELI RADIO FIRST GAVE A STANDBY WARNING AND TWO HOURS LATER BROADCAST THE CODE MESSAGE FOR THE RESERVISTS TO REPORT AT 5P.M. LOCAL TIME THURSDAY.

FINANCE MINISTER LEVI ESHKOL WEDNESDAY NIGHT INTERRUPTED A BUDGET DEBATE IN THE ISRAELI PARLIAMENT TO EXPRESS THE GOVERNMENT'S "REGRET OVER THE MANNER" IN WHICH THE CALLUP WAS BROADCAST.

HE SAID HE HAD SPOKEN WITH PREMIER DAVID BEN-GURION AND HAD BEEN ASSURED THE CALLUP HAD "NO SPECIAL SIGNIFICANCE."

PARLIAMENT DECIDED TO REFER THE MATTER TO ITS FOREIGN AFFAIRS AND DEFENSE COMMITTEES FOR A COMPLETE REPORT. OFFICIAL SPOKESMEN WERE MAKING AN INTENSIVE EFFORT TO COUNTERACT THE ALARM CAUSED BY THE BROADCAST.

RADIO CAIRO BROADCAST THE STATEMENT MADE OVER RADIO DAMASCUS CALLING ON SYRIAN MILITARY PERSONNEL ON LEAVE AND RESERVES TO REPORT TO THEIR UNITS WITHIN 24 HOURS.

OFFICIALS IN CAIRO DECLINED COMMENT ON THE BROADCAST.

JB/SS849PES

A137

CAIRO, APRIL 1 (AP)-UNITED ARAB REPUBLIC AUTHORITIES HAVE DECIDED TO CALL EGYPTIAN TEACHERS HOME FROM IRAQ BECAUSE OF "TERROR AND PRESSURE IMPOSED ON THEM BY IRAQI AUTHORITIES AND AGENTS OF COMMUNIST GANGS," AN EDUCATION MINISTRY OFFICIAL SAID TODAY.

ABOUT 500 TEACHERS WENT TO IRAQ AFTER THE REVOLUTION THERE LAST JULY 14.

THE OFFICIAL SAID THE IRAQI GOVERNMENT HAD REFUSED TO PAY THE TEACHERS THEIR MARCH SALARIES AND HAD DECLINED TO GIVE THEM PLANE TICKETS TO RETURN TO CAIRO. HE SAID AN AGREEMENT BETWEEN THE U.A.R. AND IRAQ PROVIDED THAT TRAVELING EXPENSES WOULD BE PAID BY IRAQ.

JR1023PES

A101

CAIRO, APRIL 1 (AP)-ARAB LEAGUE SOURCES SAID TODAY THE LEAGUE FOREIGN MINISTERS MEETING IN BEIRUT TOMORROW MAY TRY TO MEDIATE BETWEEN IRAQ AND THE UNITED ARAB REPUBLIC.

A COMMISSION WOULD BE NAMED TO HOLD CONCILIATION TALKS WITH THE U.A.R. AND IRAQI GOVERNMENTS IN CAIRO AND BAGHDAD. FOCAL POINTS OF THE FEUD BETWEEN THE LEFTIST IRAQI REGIME AND ARAB NATIONALISTS.

THE CONFERENCE WILL CONSIDER THIS, THE SOURCES SAID, IF IRAQ REFUSES TO ATTEND THE BEIRUT MEETING.

IRAQ HAS NOT YET ANSWERED THE INVITATION.

DY806PES

A92WX MI FW

(190) FIRST LEAD MIDDLE EAST

WASHINGTON, APRIL 1 (AP)-AN ISRAELI-SYRIAN CALLUP OF MILITARY RESERVES TODAY TOUCHED OFF MIDDLE EAST WAR JITTERS. BUT AFTER A FEW HECTIC HOURS TOP ADMINISTRATION OFFICIALS SAID IT LOOKED LIKE A MILITARY EXERCISE RATHER THAN THE START OF SHOOTING.

THIS COINCIDED WITH A STATEMENT BY AN ISRAELI ARMY SPOKESMAN IN JERUSALEM, WHO SAID THE CALLUP WAS FOR A ROUTINE EXERCISE.

THE ISRAELI RADIO STARTED THE EXCITEMENT BY A BROADCAST WHICH OFFICIALS OF THAT COUNTRY SAID WAS MEANT ONLY AS AN ORDER FOR THREE UNITS TO GO ON MANEUVERS.

FIRST CAME A GENERAL STANDBY FOR ALL LISTENERS. THEN TWO HOURS LATER THE ISRAELI RADIO BROADCAST THE CODE WORDS FOR THE THREE RESERVE UNITS, SAYING THEY MUST REPORT AT 5 P.M., ISRAELI TIME, THURSDAY.

APPARENTLY ALARMED BY THE ISRAELI MOVE, RADIO DAMASCUS INTERRUPTED A RELIGIOUS PROGRAM TO ORDER ALL SYRIAN MILITARY MEN TO JOIN THEIR UNITS WITHIN 24 HOURS.

U.S. GOVERNMENT AGENCIES IMMEDIATELY BEGAN CHECKING AND DOUBLE CHECKING. SHORTLY AFTER 7 P.M., EST, THEY SAID THAT, WHILE THEY WERE CONTINUING TO WATCH DEVELOPMENTS CLOSELY, THEY WERE INCLINED TO BELIEVE THE ISRAELI EXPLANATION THAT NOTHING MORE THAN MANEUVERS ARE INVOLVED.

(NO PICKUP)

7741PES

B24 (Q)

-17-

BY STAN CARTER (380)

BAGHDAD, APRIL 1 (AP)-IRAQ'S COMMUNIST PARTY CELEBRATED ITS 25TH BIRTHDAY TODAY WITH GREATER PRESTIGE THAN IT HAS EVER HAD BEFORE. REVIEWING THE LEAN YEARS WHEN THE LATE IRAQI STRONGMAN, PREMIER NURI SAID, STAMPED THE PARTY ALMOST INTO THE GROUND, THE RED ORGAN ITTIHAD AL SHAAB (PEOPLE'S UNITY) PROMISED THE COMMUNISTS WOULD CONTINUE AS DEFENDERS OF THE NEW IRAQI REPUBLIC.

"THE PARTY WILL REMAIN FAITHFUL TO ITS NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC AND LIBERATED ARAB NATIONALISM MISSION, TO INTERNATIONAL SOLIDARITY OF THE PROLETARIAT AND LENINIST-MARXIST TEACHINGS," SAID THE PAPER.

1959

30.24-6635

THE NEWSPAPER PUBLISHED AN INTERVIEW WITH "SALAM ADEL," SECRETARY OF THE IRAQI COMMUNIST PARTY EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE, DEMANDING THAT PREMIER ABDEL KARIM KASSEM ARM POPULAR RESISTANCE FORCES AND COMPLETE A PURGE OF THE CIVIL AND MILITARY MACHINERY TO THWART PLOTS AGAINST THE COUNTRY.

SALAM ADEL WAS THE COVER NAME OF THE RED CHIEFTAIN THE YEAR THE PARTY WAS DRIVEN UNDERGROUND. THE REAL NAME OF THE PRESENT LEADER HAS NOT BEEN PUBLICIZED.

AMONG THE MOST PROMINENT ABOVE-GROUND REDS IS ABDUL QUADER I SMAIL AL BUSTANI, EDITOR OF ITTIHAD AL SHAAB, WHO ADDRESSES PUBLIC MEETINGS ORGANIZED BY THE "LIAISON COMMITTEE FOR TRADE UNIONS AND POPULAR ASSOCIATIONS." THIS IS A POLICY-MAKING ORGANIZATION FOR A MAZE OF POPULAR GROUPS FORMED SINCE THE REVOLUTION LAST JULY 14.

THE ORDER OF 1954 SUSPENDING POLITICAL PARTY ACTIVITY HAS NOT YET BEEN REVOKED BY KASSEM, BUT THE PREMIER'S STATED AIM IS EVENTUAL RE-ESTABLISHMENT OF GOVERNMENT BY POLITICAL PARTIES.

COMMUNISTS AND LEFTIST NATIONAL DEMOCRATS ARE PERMITTED TO MAINTAIN PARTY ORGANIZATIONS. THE TWO PARTIES HAVE STOOD BY KASSEM WHILE THE BAATH (ARAB SOCIAL RESURRECTION) PARTY AND OTHERS LEANED TOWARD EGYPT'S NASSER.

THE PRESENT CABINET IS COMPOSED OF NATIONAL DEMOCRATS AND MINISTERS OF UNANNOUNCED POLITICAL ALLEGIANCE. BUT THE REDS HAVE INCREASED THEIR INFLUENCE MARKEDLY IN THE PAST EIGHT MONTHS BY SUPPORT OF KASSEM.

IN NUMBERS THEY ARE STILL COMPARATIVELY SMALL BUT IN POPULAR FRONT ORGANIZATIONS THEY HAVE MUCH INFLUENCE.

THEIR NUMBERS WERE ESTIMATED BEFORE THE REVOLUTION AT NOT MORE THAN 2,000. MANY WHO HAD BEEN EXILED BY NURI SAID CAME BACK AFTER THE JULY REVOLUTION. OTHERS WERE RECRUITED. WHEN THE PARTY BEGAN TO GET UNWIELDY LAST DECEMBER, RECRUITING WAS STOPPED. MEMBERSHIP IS NOW ESTIMATED BY WESTERN SOURCES AT LESS THAN 4,000. THEY HAVE MANY SYMPATHIZERS.

RED INFLUENCE ROSE SWIFTLY SINCE PRO-NASSER ELEMENTS AND MANY MODERATES BECAME SUSPECT.

K/WH454PES

AP144

BAGHDAD, IRAQ, APRIL 1 (AP)-POLICE HAVE TOLD DR. CHARLES MCKINLEY OF GAMBIER, OHIO, TO LEAVE IRAQ WITHIN THREE DAYS.

MCKINLEY, HEAD OF THE ENGLISH DEPARTMENT AT THE WOMEN'S COLLEGE HERE AND DIRECTOR OF THE FULBRIGHT PROGRAM IN IRAQ, SAID HE WAS NOT TOLD THE REASON FOR THE EXPULSION ORDER.

THE U.S. EMBASSY PROTESTED THE POLICE ORDER ON GROUNDS MCKINLEY'S FORCED DEPARTURE BEFORE THE END OF THE CURRENT FISCAL YEAR VIOLATES AN IRAQI-U.S. AGREEMENT.

JR1045PES

1959

A34

JAKARTA, APRIL 1 (AP)-AN INDONESIAN MILITARY MISSION LEFT TODAY FOR THE UNITED STATES TO STUDY AMERICAN TRAINING METHODS AND WEAPONS.

LT. COL. RUKMAN, CHIEF OF STAFF OF THE JAVA COMMAND, IS LEADING THE DELEGATION, WHICH WILL SPEND THREE MONTHS IN THE UNITED STATES.

BJ339AES

A8

TOKYO, WEDNESDAY, APRIL 2 (AP)-RED CHINA CHARGED A U.S. RB57 RECONNAISSANCE PLANE FLEW OVER COMMUNIST HELD ISLANDS OFF CHEKIANG AND FUKIEN PROVINCES TODAY.

PEIPING RADIO SAID "THE SPOKESMAN OF THE MINISTRY OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS HAS BEEN AUTHORIZED TO ISSUE THE 48TH SERIOUS WARNING AGAINST THE MILITARY PROVOCATIONS BY THE U.S. MILITARY AIRCRAFT."

PREVIOUS WARNINGS WERE ISSUED AT THE HEIGHT OF THE CRISIS IN FORMOSA STRAIT LAST YEAR.

B/KS216PES

DT

MANILA, THURSDAY, APRIL 2 (AP)-MRS. G. MENNEN WILLIAMS, WIFE OF THE MICHIGAN GOVERNOR, SAYS TUBERCULOSIS IS STILL THE MAIN HEALTH PROBLEM IN JAPAN, KOREA, HONG KONG AND THE PHILIPPINES.

MRS. WILLIAMS, A VETERAN PUBLIC HEALTH OFFICIAL, LEFT THIS MORNING ON A PAN AMERICAN PLANE FOR SINGAPORE TO CONTINUE AN ASIAN SURVEY TOUR SPONSORED BY THE U.N.-AFFILIATED WORLD HEALTH ORGANIZATION (WHO). SHE WILL ALSO VISIT MALAYA, COMBODIA, THAILAND, BURMA, AFGHANISTAN AND EUROPE BEFORE RETURNING HOME.

AT A NEWS CONFERENCE, MRS. WILLIAMS CITED TUBERCULOSIS AS THE CHIEF HEALTH MENACE IN ASIAN NATIONS SHE VISITED SO FAR.

"HOWEVER, I AM MOST IMPRESSED BY THE TREMENDOUS PROGRESS MADE IN THIS PART OF THE WORLD TOWARDS CONTROLLING NOT ONLY THIS DREAD DISEASE BUT MALARIA AND YAWS AS WELL," SHE SAID.

MRS. WILLIAMS ARRIVED SUNDAY AFTER VISITING JAPAN, KOREA AND THE BRITISH CROWN COLONY ON A MISSION FOR WHO TO PROMOTE MORE INTEREST IN HIGHER HEALTH STANDARDS AND TO GET BETTER ACQUAINTED WITH THE WORK OF THE ORGANIZATION IN THE WESTERN PACIFIC AND SOUTHEAST ASIA.

MRS. WILLIAMS, CHAIRMAN OF THE RED CROSS NURSING SERVICE IN MICHIGAN, SAID SHE WAS ASKED BY WHO TO UNDERTAKE THE MISSION "LARGELY ON MY 25 YEARS' EXPERIENCE IN PUBLIC HEALTH IN MY HOME STATE."

SHE ADDED SHE WAS PAYING HER OWN EXPENSES AND WOULD REPORT HER FINDINGS TO WHO OFFICIALS DURING THE WORLD HEALTH ASSEMBLY OPENING IN GENEVA MAY 10.

SHE IS ACCOMPANIED BY MRS. ELIZABETH ABERNATHY, WHOSE HUSBAND JOHN, IS EXECUTIVE ASSISTANT TO GOV. WILLIAMS.

JR1137PES

A136

NIGHT LEAD SEATO (120)

WELLINGTON, NEW ZEALAND, THURSDAY, APRIL 2 (AP)-THE MILITARY ADVISERS OF THE EIGHT SEATO NATIONS SAT IN SECRET SESSION TODAY AFTER VOICING WARNINGS OF THE COMMUNIST THREAT TO SOUTHEAST ASIA.

THE MILITARY DELEGATIONS OF THE SOUTHEAST ASIA TREATY ORGANIZATION WILL CONTINUE THEIR CLOSED MEETINGS THROUGH SATURDAY TO DISCUSS MEANS TO COUNTER ANY COMMUNIST MOVE TO TAKE OVER ANY ASIAN COUNTRY.

THE SEATO COUNTRIES ARE THE UNITED STATES, BRITAIN, FRANCE, PAKISTAN, THE PHILIPPINES, THAILAND, AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND.

IN AN OPENING CEREMONY ADM. HARRY D. FELT, CHIEF AMERICAN MILITARY ADVISER, WARNED THAT SOUTHEAST ASIA "IS A PRIZE COVETED BY THE COMMUNIST BLOC."

AIR MARSHAL M. ASGHAR KHAN OF PAKISTAN SAID THAT IF THINGS HAVE BEEN QUIET IN THE SEATO REGION "IT IS DUE TO THE (REDS') REALIZATION THAT SEATO MEANS BUSINESS."

JR1021PES

A59

(230)

WELLINGTON, NEW ZEALAND, APRIL 1 (AP)-SECRETARY GENERAL POTE SARASIN OF SEATO TODAY CREDITED THE ANTI-COMMUNIST ALLIANCE WITH SAVING ITS SOUTHEAST ASIAN MEMBERS FROM THE FATE OF TIBET.

BUT HE WARNED THAT THE "BASIC THREAT OF COMMUNISM REMAINS AS STRONG AS EVER." HE SAID SEATO COUNTRIES MUST CONTINUE TO BUILD HIGHLY TRAINED, MOBILE DEFENSE FORCES.

MILITARY ADVISERS OF THE SOUTHEAST ASIA TREATY ORGANIZATION (SEATO) BEGIN TALKS HERE TOMORROW AS A PRELIMINARY TO THE MEETING NEXT WEEK OF THE SEATO COUNCIL OF MINISTERS. THE ALLIANCE, FORMED IN 1954, LINKS THE UNITED STATES, BRITAIN, AUSTRALIA, FRANCE, NEW ZEALAND, PAKISTAN, THE PHILIPPINES AND THAILAND IN A JOINT DEFENSE AGAINST COMMUNIST AGGRESSION.

"IT IS SIGNIFICANT," SAID SARASIN, "THAT SINCE SEATO HAS COME INTO BEING, ACTS OF AGGRESSION HAVE NOT OCCURRED. PERSONALLY, I FEEL IT IS THROUGH COLLECTIVE DEFENSE THAT SECURITY HAS BEEN GIVEN TO THE

AREA."

SARASIN, FORMER THAILAND AMBASSADOR TO THE UNITED STATES, CITED TIBET AS A CLASSIC EXAMPLE OF AN INNOCENT, DEFENSELESS COUNTRY BEING THE VICTIM OF AGGRESSION IN TRYING TO MAINTAIN ITS FREEDOM. WITHOUT SUCH COLLECTIVE DEFENSE ARRANGEMENTS AS SEATO, HE SAID, ANY SMALL COUNTRY COULD SUFFER THE SAME FATE.

ANOTHER ARRIVAL FOR THE CONFERENCE, ADM. HARRY D. FELT, LEADER OF THE U.S. MILITARY DELEGATION, SAID THE UNITED STATES HAS SECRET PLANS TO COPE WITH LONG-RANGE SOVIET SUBMARINES IN THE PACIFIC IN THE EVENT OF HOSTILITIES.

FELT, WHO IS U.S. COMMANDER IN CHIEF IN THE PACIFIC, SAID THE MODERN SUBMARINE IS A DANGEROUS WEAPON BUT SCIENTIFIC MEASURES ARE BEING DEVELOPED TO COUNTERACT IT.

FV/BJ605AES

A93WX (WX LOCALS OUT)

(280) SECURITY

WASHINGTON, APRIL 1 (AP)-CHIEF JUSTICE EARL WARREN SUGGESTED TODAY THAT PERSONS ACCUSED OF BEING SECURITY RISKS HAVE A RIGHT TO FACE ANY ACCUSERS OTHER THAN REGULAR GOVERNMENT AGENTS.

WARREN DID NOT SAY WHETHER HE FELT AN ACCUSED PERSON SHOULD BE PERMITTED TO CONFRONT REGULAR FEDERAL AGENTS WHO MAKE CONFIDENTIAL REPORTS ABOUT THEM.

THE QUESTION AROSE WHILE THE SUPREME COURT WAS HEARING ARGUMENTS ON AN APPEAL BY CHARLES ALLEN TAYLOR, WHO LOST HIS JOB AS A TOOL MAKER AT BELL AIRCRAFT CORP., BUFFALO, N.Y., IN 1956. HE WAS FIRED AFTER THE DEFENSE DEPARTMENT SUSPENDED HIS SECURITY CLEARANCE.

TAYLOR'S COUNSEL PROTESTED USE OF STATEMENTS BY SIX SECRET ACCUSERS. THE DEFENSE DEPARTMENT LATE LAST YEAR RESTORED HIS CLEARANCE AND EXPUNGED ALL PREVIOUS FINDINGS IN HIS CASE. HE WAS GIVEN A JOB AS A LATHE OPERATOR IN THE BELL PLANT. BECAUSE OF THIS, THE GOVERNMENT HAS ASKED FOR DISMISSAL OF TAYLOR'S CASE ON GROUNDS THERE NO LONGER IS A LIVE ISSUE.

TAYLOR'S CLEARANCE WAS GIVEN BACK TO HIM AFTER THE HIGH COURT AGREED TO HEAR HIS CASE.

JOSEPH L. RAUH JR., TAYLOR'S LAWYER, CONTENTS TAYLOR'S CONSTITUTIONAL RIGHTS WERE VIOLATED BY USE OF SECRET INFORMATION AGAINST HIM AND BY DENIAL OF HIS REQUEST TO FACE HIS ACCUSERS.

IT WAS DEVELOPED DURING THE ARGUMENTS THAT FIVE OF TAYLOR'S SIX ACCUSERS WERE "CASUAL INFORMERS," SUCH AS ACQUAINTANCES OR NEIGHBORS. ONLY ONE OF THE INFORMERS WAS SAID TO BE A REGULAR FEDERAL INTELLIGENCE AGENT.

WARREN REMARKED THAT THE CASUAL INFORMANTS "MIGHT HAVE BEEN PEOPLE WITH MALICE."

THEN HE ASKED SOLICITOR GENERAL J. LEE RANKIN, REPRESENTING THE GOVERNMENT:

"AS TO THOSE (CASUAL INFORMANTS), WOULDN'T HE HAVE THE RIGHT TO BE CONFRONTED? IF NEIGHBORS ACCUSE ME...I HAVE A RIGHT TO CONFRONT THEM." RANKIN REPLIED THAT DISCLOSING SUCH INFORMANTS WOULD DRY UP SOURCES OF INFORMATION. HE CONTENDED THE COURT MUST BALANCE THE INTEREST OF THE GOVERNMENT IN PROTECTING MILITARY SECRETS AGAINST THE DESIRE OF A PERSON TO CONFRONT HIS ACCUSERS.

THE VALIDITY OF THE FEDERAL INDUSTRIAL SECURITY PROGRAM, WHICH SCREENS THREE MILLION CIVILIANS WORKING IN PLANTS HOLDING GOVERNMENT CONTRACTS, WAS ATTACKED AND DEFENDED IN ANOTHER CASE ARGUED BEFORE THE COURT TODAY.

THIS CASE INVOLVES WILLIAM L. GREENE, FORMER \$18,000-A-YEAR VICE PRESIDENT OF THE ENGINEERING AND RESEARCH CORP. IN SUBURBAN RIVERDALE, MD. HE LOST HIS JOB AFTER THE NAVY REVOKED HIS SECURITY CLEARANCE.

GREENE'S COUNSEL ARGUED THE GOVERNMENT COULD NOT DESTROY A MAN'S EMPLOYMENT AND OPPORTUNITY FOR FUTURE EMPLOYMENT WITHOUT DUE PROCESS OF LAW, AND THAT THIS WAS DENIED TO GREENE. THE ATTORNEY ALSO PROTESTED GREENE HAD NOT BEEN ALLOWED TO CONFRONT AND CROSSEXAMINE HIS

ACCUSERS.

"ANY ARBITRARY ACTIONS BY ANY GOVERNMENTAL OFFICER IS FORBIDDEN BY THE DUE PROCESS CLAUSE OF THE CONSTITUTION'S FIFTH AMENDMENT," SAID ATTORNEY CARL W. BERUEFFY.

"FINDINGS WHICH REST UPON NO FIRMER BASIS THAN INFERENCES DRAWN BY SUBORDINATE GOVERNMENT OFFICIALS FROM UNTESTED HEARSAY ARE THE EQUIVALENT OF NO FINDINGS AT ALL."

BUT ASST. ATTY. GEN. GEORGE COCHRAN DOUB REPLIED THAT THE INTEREST OF A CIVILIAN IN HAVING ACCESS TO SECRET INFORMATION IN ORDER TO BE ABLE TO WORK ON CLASSIFIED GOVERNMENT CONTRACTS MAY NOT BE CONSIDERED A "LIBERTY" OR "PROPERTY" ENTITLED TO DUE PROCESS PROTECTIONS.

"DURING THE 170 YEARS OF THE HISTORY OF THE UNITED STATES," DOUB CONTENDED, "THE COURTS HAVE NEVER QUESTIONED THE POWER OF THE EXECUTIVE TO WITHHOLD MILITARY INFORMATION FROM A PRIVATE PERSON AND TO DETERMINE TO WHOM THE GOVERNMENT WILL DISCLOSE ITS MILITARY SECRETS. THE INDUSTRIAL SECURITY PROGRAM RESTS UPON THAT FOUNDATION."

NAVY CHARGES AGAINST GREENE INCLUDED ASSERTION THAT HE HAD CLOSELY ASSOCIATED WITH PERSONS IDENTIFIED AS COMMUNISTS AND COMMUNIST SUPPORTERS; THAT HIS FIRST WIFE WAS AN ARDENT COMMUNIST; AND THAT HE HAD ENTERTAINED AT HIS HOME MILITARY REPRESENTATIVES OF THE RUSSIAN EMBASSY.

GREENE DENIED THE CHARGES.

RZ928PES

A54WX (SPAARK, PENTADOME AND)

(270) SPAARK-NATO

WASHINGTON, APRIL 1 (AP)-NATO'S SECRETARY GENERAL PAUL-HENRI SPAARK SAYS THE REAL WEAKNESS OF THE ATLANTIC ALLIANCE IS A LACK OF UNITY AMONG ITS 15 SOVEREIGN MEMBERS.

SPAARK CITED AS ONE EXAMPLE FRANCE'S ATOMIC WORK, ON WHICH HE SAID FRANCE IS SPENDING BILLIONS OF FRANCS TO FIND INFORMATION ITS ALLIES ALREADY KNOW.

SPAARK EXPRESSED HIS VIEWS IN AN ARTICLE IN THE CURRENT ISSUE OF THE MAGAZINE FOREIGN AFFAIRS. A THREE-TIME PRIME MINISTER OF BELGIUM, SPAARK MOVED TO THE TOP NATO STAFF JOB IN 1957. HE IS DUE IN WASHINGTON TODAY FOR THE ATLANTIC PACT ORGANIZATION'S 10TH ANNIVERSARY MEETING.

SPAARK CALLED NATO A "FLOURISHING ORGANIZATION WHICH HE CREDITED WITH HALTING SOVIET EXPANSION IN EUROPE. HOWEVER, HE SAID, "COMMON-SENSE SOLUTIONS SEEM TO BE RUNNING HEAD ON INTO STUBBORN FORCES OF NATIONALISM AND INDIVIDUALISM WITHIN THE ALLIANCE." HE ADDED:

"DESPITE WHAT I SHOULD HAVE THOUGHT WAS THE DAZZLINGLY CLEAR LESSON OF HISTORY, THE GOVERNMENTS OF THE FREE PEOPLES ARE NOT YET READY TO SEEK SECURITY AND SALVATION THROUGH INTEGRATION. THE MOST THEY WILL AGREE TO IS COORDINATION AND COOPERATION.

"YET IS IT NOT CONTRADICTORY TO SAY TO AN ALLY, '... I AGREE TO CONSULT WITH YOUR BUT I RETAIN ALL MY RIGHTS TO DO AS I SEE FIT?'

"HERE WE ARE FACED WITH THE REAL WEAKNESS OF THE ATLANTIC ALLIANCE IN EVERY SPHERE--THE LACK OF UNITY.

"WE STILL JEALOUSLY GUARD OUR INDIVIDUALITY. I FULLY APPRECIATE THE VERY GENUINE VALUES WHICH THIS ENCOMPASSES; YET I REALIZE, TOO, WHAT IT IS COSTING US IN DUPLICATED EFFORT, BOTH INTELLECTUAL AND FINANCIAL, WHAT IT MEANS IN TERMS OF WASTED ENERGY AND HOW DIFFICULT IT MAKES IT FOR US TO GET RESULTS.

"LET US TAKE THE EXAMPLE OF FRANCE, WHICH IS DOING ALL OVER AGAIN IN THE ATOMIC FIELD, ALONE OR ALMOST ALONE, WHAT HAS ALREADY BEEN DONE BY THE UNITED STATES AND THE UNITED KINGDOM. ...IT WILL SUCCEED, BUT AT WHAT A SACRIFICE."

CR535AES

30.24-6637

A55WX

ADVANCE FOR 6:30 A.M. EST TODAY

(200) PENTADOME

(ADVANCE) WASHINGTON, APRIL 1 (AP)-THE ARMY IS GOING TO PITCH ITS BIGGEST TENT NEXT MONTH--A SUPER-SIZE STRUCTURE SUPPORTING ITSELF BY AIR PRESSURE AND INTENDED FOR USE IN INSPECTING AND MAINTAINING MISSILES.

THE FUTURISTIC SHELTER IS CALLED A "PENTADOME" BECAUSE IT IS MADE UP OF FIVE SHELTERS--A LARGE CENTER DOME AND FOUR CONNECTING SMALLER DOMES.

THE PENTADOME WILL BE SET UP FOR THE FIRST TIME ABOUT APRIL 6 AT THE BUFFALO, N. Y., PLANT OF BIRDAIR STRUCTURES, INC., WHICH FABRICATED THE STRUCTURE FOR THE ARMY.

HERE ARE SOME OF THE STATISTICS PROVIDED BY THE ARMY:

AS BROAD AT ITS BASE AS HALF THE LENGTH OF A FOOTBALL FIELD, THE MAIN DOME WILL BE 150 FEET IN DIAMETER AND 83 FEET HIGH. EACH OF THE SMALLER DOMES WILL BE 100 FEET IN DIAMETER AND 50 FEET HIGH.

FABRIC OF VINYL-COATED NYLON, WITH 18,000 SQUARE YARDS USED. TOTAL WEIGHT IS 9,500 POUNDS.

UNLIKE OTHER BIG TENTS, NO POLES OR FRAMES ARE USED. ELECTRIC BLOWERS MAINTAIN A CONSTANT LOWER PRESSURE TO KEEP THE TENT INFLATED. A SYSTEM OF AIR-LOCK DOORS PREVENTS THE PRESSURE FROM ESCAPING WHILE EQUIPMENT OR PEOPLE MOVE IN OR OUT.

THE INTERNAL PRESSURE CAN BE VARIED TO MEET CHANGING WIND CONDITIONS. IT IS DESIGNED TO WITHSTAND CONSTANT WIND PRESSURE OF 70 MILES PER HOUR AND GUSTS OF EVEN HIGHER VELOCITY.

THE PENTADOME WAS DEVELOPED BY BIRDAIR STRUCTURES AT THE REQUEST OF THE ARMY BALLISTIC MISSILE AGENCY, FOR USE IN FIELD CHECKS AND UPKEEP OF BIG ROCKET WEAPONS.

HOWEVER, THE ARMY SAYS SUCH TENTS WOULD HAVE OTHER USES, INCLUDING DEPOT-TYPE STORAGE OF EQUIPMENT AND MATERIAL.

CR540AES

B6WX (SEG)

ADVANCE FOR 2:30 P. M. EST TODAY

(150) NATO STAMP

(ADVANCE) WASHINGTON, APRIL 1 (AP)-POSTMASTER GENERAL ARTHUR E. SUMMERFIELD TODAY UNVEILED AMERICA'S FOUR-CENT COMMEMORATIVE NATO STAMP. THE 10TH ANNIVERSARY MEETING OF NORTH ATLANTIC TREATY SIGNERS FORMALLY OPENS HERE TOMORROW.

ADDRESSING DIPLOMATS AND DELEGATES TO WHOM HE PRESENTED AUTOGRAPHED ALBUMS OF THE STAMPS, THE POSTMASTER GENERAL SAID:

"THE NATO ORGANIZATION IS TRULY ONE OF THE MOST NOTABLE ACHIEVEMENTS OF OUR WESTERN CIVILIZATION. ... ITS PRACTICAL PURPOSE TO MAINTAIN PEACE WITH HONOR SATISFIES ONE OF MANKIND'S OLDEST AND GREATEST DREAMS.

"WE SALUTE YOU FOR YOUR UNFAILING COURAGE, VISION AND PERSISTENCE OF EFFORT."

THE NEW STAMP, IN VARYING SHADES OF BLUE, WILL GO ON GENERAL SALE THROUGHOUT THE UNITED STATES TOMORROW. ITS DESIGN, BY ARTIST STEVAN DOHANOS, IS SIMPLE, SHOWING THE NATO FOUR-POINTED SHIELD SET IN A DARK CIRCLE. ITS LEGEND READS: "UNITED FOR FREEDOM--NATO 1949-59."

CR306AES

A99WX

BURKE (160)

WASHINGTON, APRIL 1 (AP)-ADM. ARLEIGH S. BURKE SAYS THE U. S. FLEET ISN'T IN TOP SHAPE BUT "WE'LL DO THE BEST WE CAN--AND THAT WILL BE PLenty GOOD."

BURKE, CHIEF OF NAVAL OPERATIONS, TOLD REPORTERS YESTERDAY THE STATE OF READINESS OF THE FLEET IS NOT AS GOOD AS IT SHOULD BE. HE WAS

QUESTIONED ABOUT A CONCLUSION REACHED BY A NAVY-APPOINTED CIVILIAN BOARD THAT THE PRESENT CONDITION OF THE FLEET "IS BAD."
THE SURVEY TEAM SAID THE PRIMARY CAUSE OF THE SITUATION WAS A WIDENING GAP BETWEEN THE MISSIONS ASSIGNED TO THE NAVY AND THE FUNDS IT GETS TO CARRY THEM OUT. THE GROUP URGED A BIG INCREASE IN FUNDS FOR NEW SHIP CONSTRUCTION AND MAINTENANCE.

BURKE SAID THERE IS AN URGENT NEED FOR MAINTENANCE, SINCE 80 PER CENT OF THE FLEET'S SHIPS DATE BACK TO WORLD WAR II.

THE SURVEY WAS MADE BY W. E. BLEWETT JR., PRESIDENT OF THE NEWPORT NEWS SHIPBUILDING AND DRYDOCK CO.; L. H. QUACKENBUSH, VICE PRESIDENT OF THE STATE MARINE LINES, A STEAMSHIP COMPANY; AND R. E. GIBSON, DIRECTOR OF THE JOHNS HOPKINS UNIVERSITY APPLIED SCIENCE LABORATORY.

HY/LT856AES

B106WX (Q)

95

SIDEWINDERS

WASHINGTON, APRIL 1 (AP)-THE NAVY TODAY PLACED ORDERS FOR MORE THAN 5,000 ADDITIONAL SIDEWINDER GUIDED MISSILES.

CONTRACTS TOTALING OVER 19 MILLION DOLLARS WERE AWARDED TO PHILCO CORP., PHILADELPHIA, AND TO GENERAL ELECTRIC CO., UTICA, N. Y. THE PHILCO CONTRACT WAS FOR 13 1/2 MILLION DOLLARS AND THE GENERAL ELECTRIC SHARE WAS NEARLY 6 MILLION.

THE NAVY SAID THE AIR-TO-AIR GUIDED WEAPONS WILL BE USED BY BOTH THE NAVY AND THE AIR FORCE.

SOME OF THE SIDEWINDERS SUPPLIED TO THE AIR FORCE WILL BE TURNED OVER TO ALLIED COUNTRIES.

NATIONS OUTSIDE OF THE VARIOUS INTERNATIONAL ALLIANCES ARE PERMITTED TO BUY SIDEWINDERS DIRECTLY FROM THE U. S. NAVY.

THE SWEDISH AIR FORCE RECENTLY NEGOTIATED FOR THE PURCHASE OF AN UNSPECIFIED NUMBER OF THE HEAT-SEEKING MISSILES.

SIDEWINDERS HAVE BEEN TURNED OUT BY THOUSANDS IN THE UNITED STATES FOR SEVERAL YEARS, BUT THEY WON INTERNATIONAL ATTENTION LAST YEAR WHEN CHINESE NATIONALIST AIRMEN USED THEM TO KNOCK DOWN COMMUNIST JET FIGHTERS NEAR QUEMOY.

WE117PES

B78WX Q

(190) AIR IDENTIFICATION ZONES

WASHINGTON, APRIL 1 (AP)-THE FEDERAL AVIATION AGENCY TODAY ELIMINATED THREE AIR DEFENSE IDENTIFICATION ZONES.

FLIERS NO LONGER NEED IDENTIFY THEMSELVES IN ADVANCE IN ENTERING OR CROSSING THE AREAS INVOLVED.

THE FAA SAID THE THREE ZONES WERE NO LONGER REQUIRED BY THE MILITARY SERVICES FOR NATIONAL SECURITY REASONS.

THE DISCONTINUED ZONES:

WESTERN--A STRIP 50 TO 150 MILES WIDE, EXTENDING FROM CANADA TO THE GULF OF CALIFORNIA THROUGH EASTERN WASHINGTON, WESTERN MONTANA, NORTHERN IDAHO, EASTERN OREGON, EASTERN CALIFORNIA, WESTERN NEVADA AND WESTERN ARIZONA.

EASTERN--A STRIP 50 TO 150 MILES WIDE FROM CANADA TO FLORIDA BY WAY OF NORTHERN AND WESTERN MINNESOTA, AND THE EASTERN PARTS OF SOUTH DAKOTA, NEBRASKA AND NORTHERN OKLAHOMA; THEN EASTWARD ACROSS SOUTHERN MISSOURI AND NORTHERN ARKANSAS INTO TENNESSEE, THEN SOUTHEASTWARD ACROSS ALABAMA AND GEORGIA.

PRESQUE ISLE--NORTHERN MAINE.

STILL IN EFFECT ARE THE 200-TO-400-MILES-WIDE OFFSHORE ATLANTIC AND PACIFIC ZONES, GUARDING THE APPROACHES TO THE CONTINENT; THE NORTHERN, EXTENDING FROM THE GREAT LAKES WESTWARD TO THE PACIFIC, 50 TO 75 MILES SOUTH OF THE CANADIAN BORDER; A SOUTHERN ONE ALONG THE U.S.-MEXICAN LINE, AND THE NEW GULF OF MEXICO ZONE.

RZ932PES

B40WA Q

(300) ADVANCE FOR 6:30 P.M. EST TODAY

AID-BUSINESS

(ADVANCE) WASHINGTON, APRIL 1 (AP)-A REPORT TO THE STATE DEPARTMENT CALLED TODAY FOR A BIGGER ROLE BY PRIVATE ENTERPRISE IN DEVELOPING THE ECONOMY OF FOREIGN COUNTRIES.

C. DOUGLAS DILLON, UNDER SECRETARY OF STATE FOR FOREIGN AFFAIRS, SAID THE ADMINISTRATION WILL LOOK OVER THE REPORT'S 44 RECOMMENDATIONS AS RAPIDLY AS POSSIBLE AND WILL TAKE STEPS TO PUT INTO EFFECT THOSE IT FINDS OF VALUE.

THE WIDE-RANGING REPORT WAS DRAWN UP BY RALPH I. STRAUS, A NEW YORK BUSINESSMAN AND A DIRECTOR OF MACY'S DEPARTMENT STORE, AS A CONSULTANT TO DILLON. HE WAS HELPED BY GOVERNMENT ASSISTANCE AND ADVICE FROM U.S. INDUSTRY.

THE STUDY WAS PERFORMED AT CONGRESS' DIRECTION THROUGH A PROVISION IN THE FOREIGN AID LAW OFFERED BY SEN. JACOB JAVITS (R-NY).

STRAUS PICTURED PRIVATE ENTERPRISE AS ABLE TO HELP DEVELOPMENT OVERSEAS IN A MANNER THAT GOVERNMENT AID CANNOT ACHIEVE, EVEN IN COUNTRIES WHERE THE STATE DIRECTS MUCH OF THE ECONOMY. HE SAID PRIVATE BUSINESS IS MUCH MORE ADAPTABLE TO VARIOUS CONDITIONS.

HE ADVOCATED EXPANDING, AS HE PUT IT, THAT "IMPORTANT AREA WHERE THE INTERESTS OF PRIVATE BUSINESS, OF THE U.S. GOVERNMENT, AND OF THE PEOPLE AND GOVERNMENTS OF THE LESS DEVELOPED COUNTRIES COINCIDE."

WHILE THE REPORT DID NOT CALL FOR CUTTING BACK U.S. GOVERNMENT AID NOW, DILLON SAID THE HOPE IS THAT PRIVATE INVESTMENT WILL EVENTUALLY CARRY THE LOAD NOW BEING SHOULDERED BY U.S. TAXPAYERS.

STRAUS' RECOMMENDATIONS INCLUDED:

1. PROJECTS AIMED AT FOSTERING PRIVATE ENTERPRISE IN U.S. AID-RECEIVING COUNTRIES SHOULD BE INCLUDED IN THE AMERICAN AID PROGRAM, WITH AS MUCH EMPHASIS AS THAT WHICH HAS BEEN GIVEN TO PUBLIC WORKS UNDERTAKINGS.

2. U.S. FIRMS DOING AT LEAST 90 PER CENT OF THEIR BUSINESS ABROAD, SHOULD GET SPECIAL TAX TREATMENT INCLUDING A DEFERRAL OF U.S. INCOME TAXES ON THEIR PROFITS UNTIL THE PROFITS ARE ACTUALLY DISTRIBUTED TO U.S. STOCKHOLDERS OR OTHERWISE DIVERTED FROM FOREIGN USES.

RZ633PES

B84WX (Q)

(110) WASHINGTON, APRIL 1 (AP)-SECRETARY OF THE ARMY WILBER M. BRUCKER TODAY WAS DECORATED WITH BRAZIL'S ORDER OF MILITARY MERIT. BRAZILIAN WAR MINISTER MARSHAL HENRIQUE TEIXEIRA LOTT MADE THE PRESENTATION.

LOTT SAID THE DECORATION WAS AWARDED TO BRUCKER FOR OUTSTANDING SERVICE TO THE CAUSE OF FREEDOM. HE REFERRED TO BRUCKER'S SERVICE WITH THE 42ND "RAINBOW" DIVISION IN WORLD WAR I AND TO HIS LATER GOVERNORSHIP OF THE STATE OF MICHIGAN, AS WELL AS IN HIS PRESENT POST. "I HOPE YOUR WORK," HE SAID, "WILL CONTINUE TO BE OF THE GREATEST BENEFIT NOT ONLY TO THE UNITED STATES BUT TO FREEDOM LOVING PEOPLES EVERYWHERE."

MARSHAL LOTT IS VISITING THE UNITED STATES AT BRUCKER'S INVITATION. BRUCKER ON TUESDAY HAD DECORATED HIM WITH THE U.S. LEGION OF MERIT.

RZ1024PESNM
A157NX

(100)

GROTON, CONN., APRIL 1 (AP)-THE NUCLEAR SUBMARINE SKATE, WHICH RECENTLY MADE A SECOND TRIP TO THE NORTH POLE, WILL ARRIVE HERE APRIL 7, THE SUBMARINE BASE REPORTED TODAY.

THE SUBMARINE REMAINED UNDER ARCTIC WINTER ICE FOR 12 DAYS, LOGGED 3,090 MILES AND SURFACED 10 TIMES, ONCE RIGHT AT THE POLE. IT WILL MOOR AT THE ELECTRIC BOAT DIVISION OF GENERAL DYNAMICS ABOUT 10:30 A.M. EST.

THE SKATE WAS REPORTED TODAY TO BE CUTTING SOUTHWARD THROUGH THE NORTH ATLANTIC ON WAY TO HER HOME BERTH HERE.

THE SKATE'S SKIPPER IS CMDR. JAMES F. CALVERT. ABOARD THE SUB IS A CREW OF 106.

EE1245PES

A83NX
(170)

GROTON, CONN., APRIL 1 (AP)-THE U. S. NAVY FORMALLY GETS ITS FASTEST SUBMARINE APRIL 15.

THE NUCLEAR SUBMARINE, THE SKIPJACK, WILL BE COMMISSIONED HERE AT THE YARDS OF HER BUILDER, GENERAL DYNAMICS CORP.'S ELECTRIC BOAT DIVISION, WHICH ANNOUNCED THE PLANS TODAY.

THEN IT WILL JOIN SQUADRON 10 OF THE ATLANTIC FLEET SUBMARINE FORCE AT NEARBY NEW LONDON, THE SIXTH ATOMIC UNDERSEAS SHIP TO ENTER NAVY SERVICE.

THE HIGH SPEED ATTACK SUBMARINE, THE NAVY HAS SAID, HAS BROKEN ALL UNDERSEAS SPEED RECORDS IN ITS TRIAL RUNS THAT BEGAN MARCH 8. IT IS A 252-FOOT BLIMP-SHAPED VESSEL.

REAR ADM. CHESTER C. WOOD, COMMANDANT OF THE THIRD NAVAL DISTRICT, WILL COMMISSION THE SKIPJACK. ADM. JAMES S. RUSSELL, VICE CHIEF OF NAVAL OPERATIONS, WILL MAKE THE MAIN ADDRESS.

CMDR. WILLIAM W. BEHRENS JR., OF HARRISBURG, PA., WHO HAS BEEN THE SKIPPER OF THE SKIPJACK DURING THE TRIAL RUNS, WILL FORMALLY TAKE OVER AS THE FIRST COMMANDING OFFICER.

EE717PES

AP143

UNITED NATIONS, N.Y., APRIL 1 (AP)-THE U.N. SCIENTIFIC COMMITTEE ON THE EFFECTS OF ATOMIC RADIATION SAID TODAY IT WILL PUBLISH ANOTHER COMPREHENSIVE REPORT ABOUT 1962. ITS ONLY PREVIOUS REPORT CAME OUT LAST AUGUST.

IN THAT REPORT THE COMMITTEE, SET UP IN 1955, FOUND THAT EVEN THE SMALLEST AMOUNT OF RADIATION COULD HARM MAN AND FALLOUT FROM NUCLEAR BOMB TESTS CONSTITUTES "A GROWING INCREMENT" TO WORLD RADIATION LEVELS.

THE U.N. GENERAL ASSEMBLY LAST DECEMBER ASKED THE COMMITTEE TO GO ON WORKING AND REPORT AS APPROPRIATE. THE COMMITTEE'S SIXTH SESSION OPENED MARCH 23 AND ENDED TODAY.

JR1043PES

A128BX

(280)

BOSTON, APRIL 1 (AP)-THE SACCO-VANZETTI MURDER CASE, WHICH A GENERATION AGO INSPIRED VIOLENT DEMONSTRATIONS IN WORLD CAPITALS, WILL BE REVIVED TOMORROW IN THE MASSACHUSETTS LEGISLATURE.

THE JOINT COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY WILL OPEN HEARINGS ON A RESOLUTION PROPOSING A POSTHUMOUS PARDON FOR THE PAIR, CONVICTED AND EXECUTED OF THE MURDERS OF TWO MEN IN A PAYROLL ROBBERY.

THE RESOLUTIONS WERE FILED BY REP. ALEXANDER J. CELLA (D-MEDFORD) WHO CONTENDS THE MEN WERE CONVICTED IN A WAVE OF "ANTI-FOREIGNER HYSTERIA." CELLA WAS ONLY 2 YEARS OLD WHEN THE MEN WERE EXECUTED FOR THE CRIME.

THE MURDERS OCCURRED APRIL 20, 1920, AT SOUTH BRAINTREE, A DOZEN MILES SOUTH OF BOSTON. A SHOE FACTORY PAYMASTER AND HIS ARMED GUARD WERE SHOT BY ROBBERS WHO MADE OFF WITH A \$15,776 PAYROLL.

NICOLA SACCO, A SHOEMAKER, AND BARTOLOMEO VANZETTI, A FISH PEDLAR, WERE ARRESTED THREE WEEKS AFTER.

BOTH CARRIED GUNS. THE PAIR ALSO WERE ALIENS AND HAD FLED TO MEXICO TO AVOID WORLD WAR I DRAFT IN 1917.

A DEFENSE FUND WAS STARTED IMMEDIATELY BY FRIENDS AND THE AFFAIR BALLOONED TO SUCH PROPORTIONS THAT CONTRIBUTIONS FLOWED IN FROM ALL OVER THE WORLD, INCLUDING SOVIET RUSSIA. SOME \$300,000 WAS RAISED, A HUGE SUM FOR THAT TIME.

AFTER A SIX WEEKS TRIAL, SACCO AND VANZETTI WERE CONVICTED. APPEALS WERE MADE TO THE STATE SUPREME COURT AND THE U.S. SUPREME COURT, KEEPING THE PAIR ALIVE FOR SIX YEARS.

WITH EVERY OTHER AVENUE OF APPEAL CLOSED, THE PAIR ASKED GOV. ALVAN T. FULLER FOR REVERSAL OF THE VERDICT. FULLER REFUSED AFTER STUDYING

30.24- 6639

THE REPORT OF A SPECIAL COMMITTEE HE APPOINTED WITH PRESIDENT A. LAWRENCE LOWELL OF HARVARD AS CHAIRMAN.

ON AUG. 22, 1927, SACCO AND VANZETTI WERE ELECTROCUTED AND WILD RIOTS BROKE OUT IN MANY WORLD CAPITALS. IN PARIS, THE AMERICAN EMBASSY WAS BOMBED. BUT THERE WAS NO VIOLENCE IN BOSTON AS THE PAIR WENT TO THEIR DEATHS.

MC&SM950PES NM

END
OF
April
1959